

E A S T W E S T / Q U A N T U M L E A P

# VOICES OF THE EMPIRE

FEATURING UYANGA BOLD

USER MANUAL



## **IMPORTANT COMPATIBILITY NOTE!**

### **Our Revolutionary New Opus Software Engine**

Our brand new Opus software engine has been years in development, and replaces the Play engine. All EastWest Libraries (with the exception of the original Hollywood Orchestra, the original Hollywood Solo Instruments, and the MIDI Guitar Series) are supported in Opus, allowing them to take advantage of a faster, more powerful, more flexible, and better looking software engine.

Opus comes with some incredible new features such as individual instrument downloads, customized key-switches, new effects for the mixer page, scalable retina user interface upgrades for legacy products, a powerful new script language, and many more features that allow you to completely customize the sound of each instrument.

It's one of the most exciting developments in the history of our company and will be the launching pad for many exciting new products in the future.

### **Using Opus and Play Together**

Opus and Play are two separate software products, anything you have saved in your projects will still load up inside the saved Play version of the plugins. You can update your current/existing projects to Opus if you so choose, or leave them saved within Play.

After purchasing or upgrading to Opus you do not need to use Play, but it may be more convenient to make small adjustments to an older composition in your DAW loading the instruments saved in Play instead of replacing them with Opus. For any new composition, just use Opus.

### **A Note About User Manuals**

All EastWest Libraries have their own user manuals (like this one) that refer to instruments and controls that are specific to their respective libraries, as well as referencing the Play User Manual for controls that are common to all EastWest Libraries.

For EastWest Libraries supported for use within Opus, we highly recommend taking advantage of all the powerful new features it has to offer.

Reference this user manual for details related to the instruments and controls specific to this library and, in place of the previously mentioned Play Software Manual, refer to the Opus Software Manual from the link below instead.

**OPUS SOFTWARE MANUAL:** <https://media.soundsonline.com/manuals/EW-Opus-Software-Manual.pdf>

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For technical support for products: <http://www.soundsonline.com/Support>

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### **Production Coordinator**

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### **In Memoriam**

In Loving Memory of Rhys Moody



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## **END USER LICENSE AGREEMENT**



## **Ch. 1: Welcome**

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## Welcome to Voices of the Empire

Voices of the Empire features the raw, primal vocals of Uyanga Bold, who brings her unique talent that melds the ethnic musical traditions of Bulgaria, Serbia, Mongolia, and beyond. She is a trained opera singer with perfect pitch, fluent in Russian, Mongolian, French, English, and German. It's East meets West like you've never heard before. Her voice is beautiful, pure, otherworldly, haunting, unsettling, powerful, genuine in its ethnic flair and world class in its precision.



Uyanga Bold has taken the world by storm since she appeared on the scene, recently touring with Hans Zimmer with his live performances of the score from The Dark Knight. Forbes Magazine wrote “her voice harkens back to ancient civilizations” and she has been nominated as “Female Singer of the Year”. She has appeared internationally on television, radio, and in live performances, reaching over 25 million views across all platforms.

## Raw and Primal Vocal Instruments Featuring Uyanga Bold

- Mongolian, Bulgarian and Western-style, multi-sampled vocal instruments
- Expressive phrases in every key
- Unique Mongolian legato vocal instruments
- Traditional legato vocal instrument
- Expressive vowel multi-sampled vocal instruments



## About the Producers

Voices of the Empire was produced by Doug Rogers and Nick Phoenix. With a haunting cinematic vocal sound, it fits perfectly into epic film / TV / videogame soundtracks, and is a ideal companion to the newly-released blockbuster Hollywood Choirs.

**Doug Rogers** With over 35 years experience in the audio industry, founder and producer Doug Rogers and his company EastWest is the recipient of over 100 industry awards, more than any other sound developer. His uncompromising approach to quality and innovative ideas have enabled EastWest to lead the sound-ware business for nearly 30 years. “The Art of Digital Music” named him one of “56 Visionary Artists & Insiders” in the book of the same name.



For over 20 years he has partnered with producer/composer Nick Phoenix and set up the Quantum Leap imprint, a subsidiary of EastWest, to produce high-quality, no-compromise virtual instruments. EastWest/Quantum Leap virtual instruments are considered the best available and are in daily use by the who's who of the film, games, tv, and music industries.

**Nick Phoenix** Since he began scoring film trailers in 1994, and since founding “Two Steps From Hell” with Thomas Bergersen in 2006, Nick has scored or licensed music for the ad campaigns of over 1000 major motion pictures to date. A few recent works include: “Godzilla”, “Ender’s Game”, “Skyfall”, “World War Z”, “Rush”, “The Hobbit”, “Avengers”, “Star Trek 2”, “Inception”, and “Harry Potter and the Deathly Hallows”.



The journey as a composer has inspired Nick to record and program his own sounds and samples. For over 20 years, a partnership with Doug Rogers and EastWest has yielded award winning software titles such as the Hollywood Series, Stormdrum 1, 2 and 3, Symphonic Orchestra, Symphonic Choirs, Silk, RA, Voices Of Passion, Ministry Of Rock 2, Gypsy, Quantum Leap Pianos, Goliath, and many others.



## What's Included

Voices of the Empire includes:

- A collection of Mongolian, Bulgarian and Western-style multi-sampled solo vocal instruments featuring Uyanga Bold, including expressive phrases in every key, and true legato instruments in both Mongolian and traditional styles.
- Approximately 14 GB of 24-bit, 44.1 kHz samples, with 3 Microphone Mixes
- EastWest's Play 6 System (earlier versions of Play do not support this library)
- A license that identifies the product you bought
- Voices of the Empire and Play 6 User Manuals (PDFs)
- An Installation Center application to set up the library, software, and documentation

**Please Note!** An iLok account is required for a machine-based (electronic) license to be placed on your computer. You may also place the license on an optional iLok key. An internet connection is required for a one-time product activation.

Voices of the Empire is now fully NKS-ready, including the ability to browse instruments, preview sounds, and immediately access pre-mapped instrument parameters with Native Instruments' Komplete Kontrol and Maschine hardware and software.

See [Voices of the Empire Is NKS-Ready](#) for more information.

## System Requirements

Below are the minimum and recommended hardware requirements for using Voices of the Empire on your computer. Please see the Play 6 User Manual for a complete list of the Hardware and Software Requirements for installing and running any Play Library.

### Minimum specification:

- Intel dual-core i5 (or equivalent) processor, running at 2.7 GHz (or above)
- 8 GB of RAM or more
- Mac OSX 10.7 (or later); Windows 7 (or later) with ASIO sound drivers
- 7200 RPM or faster (non energy saving) hard drive for sample streaming

### Optimum specification:

- Intel Xeon E5 (or equivalent) running at a minimum of 2.7 GHz (or above)
- 16 GB of RAM or more
- Mac OSX 10.7 (or later); Windows 7 (or later) with ASIO sound drivers
- a 64-bit operating system; and a 64-bit host when running Play as a plug-in.
- SSD (Solid State Drive) for sample streaming

**Please Note!** Beginning with Play 5 and all subsequent versions, 32-bit operating systems and DAWs are no longer supported (32-bit versions of the Play stand-alone and plug-in no longer exist).

## Sequencer Compatibility

The chart below outlines the MacOS and Windows 64-bit operating systems and sequencers that are officially supported (fully tested) with the latest version of Play 6. Please contact support for questions related to compatibility with earlier versions of Play, and please note that while 64-bit sequencers (DAWs) that use VST, VST3, AU and AAX plug-in formats may work fine, only those listed in the chart below are officially supported.

**Please note!** 32-bit Sequencers and Operating Systems are only supported by Play 4, the last version of Play that was released with a 32-bit installer. Play Libraries released on Play 6 are not compatible with older versions of Play. Please contact support for more information.

DAWs (64-bit)		Operating Systems (64-bit)	
Sequencer Software	version	Mac OS <sup>(1)</sup> (10.8 - 10.14)	Windows <sup>(2)</sup> (7, 8 and 10)
EW Play 6 Stand-Alone	6.0 +	✓	✓
Ableton Live	9.0 +	✓	✓
Apple Logic Pro	9.0 +	✓	-
Apple Garageband	3.0 +	✓	-
Avid Pro Tools	11.0 +	✓ <sup>(3)</sup>	✓
Bitwig Studio	2.5 +	✓	✓
Cakewalk Sonar	6.2 +	-	✓
Cockos Reaper	4.0 +	✓	✓
Image-Line FL Studio	12 +	✓	✓
Motu Digital Performer	8.0 +	✓	✓
Steinberg Cubase	7.5 +	✓	✓
Steinberg Nuendo	6.0 +	✓	✓
Presonus Studio One	3.0 +	✓	✓
VSL Vienna Ensemble Pro	5.0 +	✓	✓
Notation Software	version		
Avid Sibelius	7.0 +	✓ <sup>(4)</sup>	✓ <sup>(4)</sup>
MakeMusic Finale	25.0 +	✓ <sup>(4)</sup>	✓ <sup>(4)</sup>
Steinberg Dorico	2.2 +	✓ <sup>(4)</sup>	✓ <sup>(4)</sup>

<sup>1</sup> **MacOS 64-bit Operating Systems** 10.8 through 10.14 are officially supported. Please follow this link for the latest compatibility information regarding [MacOS 10.15 \(Catalina\)](#).

<sup>2</sup> **Windows 7** support is officially being ended by Microsoft on January 14th, 2020.

<sup>3</sup> **Pro Tools 10** users require Play version 4 (32-bit). Please contact support for details.

<sup>4</sup> **Sibelius / Finale / Dorico** notation programs work with Play 6, but do not support the full feature set of some Play Libraries, such as those that use WordBuilder. Please contact support for details.

## Support and Documentation

All documentation for Play and individual Play Libraries is provided as a collection of PDFs that can be viewed on electronic devices or printed to paper.

An advantage of reading this PDF on an electronic device is the ability to jump directly to a referenced page using links, which are available in the contents section, on each chapter title page, and within chapters to expand and/or connect certain topics.

The Bookmarks pane along the left edge of the PDF allows you to jump to a particular chapter or specific section by clicking on the links. You can also use Page Thumbnails to quickly scan the contents of the PDF and jump to the desired page with a click.

### Types of Documentation

- **Play 6 User Manual** describes how to use the Play 6 sample engine, and aspects that are common to all Play Libraries.
- **Play Library User Manuals** describe aspects that are specific to each Play Library, including instruments and unique features of each user interface.
- **Master Navigation Document (MND)** is a one-page PDF that allows easy navigation between the Play 6 User Manual and the Play Library Manuals using links. Links to the MND can be found at the bottom of each chapter in both the Play 6 User Manual and Play Library Manuals.
- **Quick Reference Guides** contain only the most essential information, intended to get you started quickly.
- **EW Spaces II User Manual:** describes how to use the Space II plugin, and provides a glossary of impulse presets.

User Manuals are available on the [EastWest Manuals](#) section of the Support Center, and are installed to your computer in the directory below. User Manuals for Individual Play Libraries are additionally installed into the main library folder of each Play Library.

- (MAC) Mac HD / Applications / East West / Documentation
- (WIN) C:// Program Files / East West / Documentation

### EastWest Support Center

Visit the EastWest online [Support Center](#) to:

- submit a support ticket
- read FAQs on a variety of commonly asked questions
- view video tutorials, quick start guides, user manuals and more

### EastWest Soundsonline Forums

Visit the EastWest [Soundsonline Forums](#) to:

- read comments and questions from other users of EastWest products
- find helpful information on both technical and musical aspects of the software
- receive support by posting to the Support section of the forum



## **Ch. 2: Getting Started**

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## How To Install Voices of the Empire

This section guides you through the process of registering an account with EastWest, and how to use the Installation Center to download, install, and activate Hollywood Choirs.

### Step 1: Register with EastWest



To purchase a product through Soundsonline.com you must fill out a [New Customer Registration](#) form or log in to your existing EastWest account.

EastWest uses the iLok security system, and requires an iLok account in order to complete the registration process.

Licenses for purchased products are deposited directly into the iLok account associated with your EastWest account.

Existing iLok users can enter their iLok account name during registration. Those new to iLok can leave that field blank during registration, and an iLok account name will be created for you based on your EastWest account name.



#### My Account

##### ACCOUNT DETAILS

Email:

[Edit Your Profile](#)

[Change email](#)

iLok Account:

[Change password](#)

[Set Preferences](#)

[See Orders](#)

If you're unsure whether or not an iLok account is already associated with your EastWest account, log in with your EastWest account name at [Soundsonline.com](http://Soundsonline.com) and check the 'My Account' section to view your 'Account Details'.

Once you successfully create an account and place an order, a confirmation email will be sent with steps on how to proceed. These instructions are also contained below.

### Step 2: Download and Install the Installation Center

The Installation Center can be downloaded from the 'Software & Product Updates' section of the EastWest [Support Center](#). After downloading and installing the package, the

Installation Center will open automatically. It is found here:

- (MacOS): Mac HD / Applications / EastWest / EW Installation Center
- (Windows): C:// Program Files / EastWest / EW Installation Center

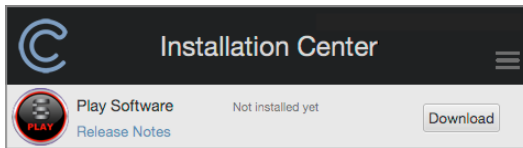


When the Installation Center opens, enter the EastWest account name and password created during registration and allow a moment while it gathers data from your account.

If the Installation Center is already installed, log in and download the latest version by clicking the 'Download' button on the the update panel located near the top the Installation Center. The installer will launch automatically, allowing you to proceed through the prompts to update your software.

### Step 3: Download and Install Play 6

Click the ‘Download’ button in the Play Software panel that appears near the top of the Installation Center. Once the download is complete, the installer will launch automatically, allowing you to proceed through the dialog windows to install Play 6, the sample engine that powers Voices of the Empire.

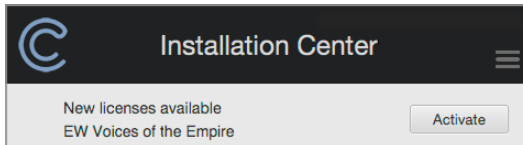


Please note that this installer includes all the necessary software components to run all Play Libraries, but you will only have access to those you have a license for.

**Windows users:** The default installation path for the Play VST plugin (Play\_VST\_x64.dll) is: C://ProgramFiles/VSTPlugins. Do not change this unless you have a custom VST location.

### Step 4: Activate Voices of the Empire

Click the “Activate” button near the top of the Installation Center to open the Activation Assistant window, which will lead you through the activation process.



Click ‘Next’ to proceed past the Introduction tab, then select the license(s) you want to activate in the License tab and click ‘Next’.

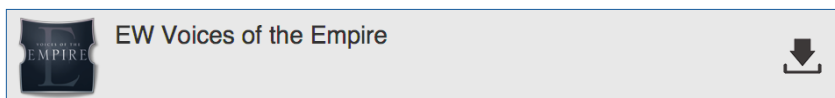
**Please note:** If you have an iLok account but you have not connected it to your EastWest account, the Activation Assistant will help you link the two accounts. This only needs to be done once time.

The Location window will give you the option to activate your license on your computer (called a machine-based license) or to a registered iLok security key. Make sure your iLok security key is plugged in if that’s your preferred option.

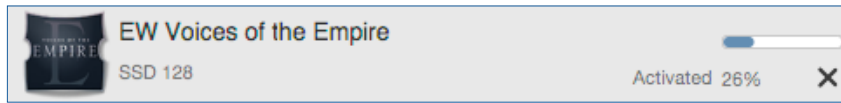


### Step 5: Download Voices of the Empire

Before you begin downloading the library content for Voices of the Empire, create a new folder called ‘Play Libraries’ in the location you wish to store the library. Once created, click the download icon (below) within the product panel to open a browser window where you can navigate to the ‘Play Libraries’ folder you just created.



The download process will now begin, with a blue bar displaying its progress. Click the “X” button to pause the download process, and click “Resume” to continue the download where it was left off.

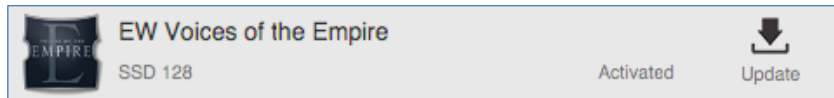


When a product is installed and ready to use, a check-mark is displayed.



### Step 6: Update Voices of the Empire

When an update becomes available for the Voices of the Empire, it will appear in the Installation Center with the downward arrow icon above the word 'Update'. Simply click the 'Update' icon to download and install the latest Voices of the Empire update.



## An Overview of the User Interface

Voices of the Empire is powered by Play 6, the latest version of EastWest's advanced sample engine that powers all of EastWest's Play Libraries.

Use the **Navigation Bar** located at the top to access all main areas (from left to right):



- **Main Menu** enables the opening and saving of instruments and more.
- **Settings Menu** includes access audio/midi setup, streaming settings, and more
- **Browser** search and browse for instruments in the Libraries and Database areas
- **Mixer** features channel strips, FX Racks and Sub-Mixers for loaded instruments
- **Player** displays custom controls and a unique user interface for each Play Library
- **Instrument Selector** select between loaded instruments
- **Instruments Sidebar** access instruments and their Advanced Instrument Properties



[Voices of the Empire: Player View]

See [Ch. 4: Voices of the Empire User Interface](#) to learn more.



## Solo Vocal Instruments Featuring Uyanga Bold

Voices of the Empire features 84 instruments across a variety of categories, including:

- **Sustain** contains a variety of vocal instrument types, including Melismas, Slurs, Sustain Vibratos, Non Vibratos and Up Downs.
- **Legato** instruments playback true legato intervals when playing two connected notes for every interval up to an octave. Available in traditional and Mongolian styles.
- **Combo** instruments combine multiple articulations into a single instrument that uses the Mod Wheel (CC1) or Velocity Sensitivity to determine which of the different articulations will playback.
- **Words** contain performances of specific words mapped across a 2 octave range. Use the Mod Wheel (CC1) to start the word at the beginning or an alternative start time.
- **Phrases** contain a total of 254 phrases sung in western and non-western styles, with an average of 21 phrases each. Each phrase was improvised over a drone in each of the 12 root note positions (A, Bb, B, C, C#, D, Eb, E, F, F#, G, and G#) and as a result doesn't adhere to a particular scale.
- **Keyswitches** instruments combine multiple articulations into a single instrument, and use keyswitches to switch between them. There are keyswitch instruments for Legatos, Melismas, Phrases, Sustains and Words.

See [Ch. 3: Voices of the Empire Instruments](#) to learn more

## Joining an Award Winning Virtual Instrument Collection

Voices of the Empire joins EastWest's vast virtual instrument collection that are the winner of over 100 industry awards, making Play Libraries the industry leader in highly detailed sampled instruments.

Altogether, Play Libraries are made up of an expansive range of sampled instruments encompassing a wide cross section of musical styles, from ethnic and orchestral, to rock and electronic, and beyond.



## Initial Setup in Stand Alone Mode

The steps below outline how to setup Voices of the Empire in stand-alone mode. While it's easy to get started, familiarity with the Play 6 User Interface and understanding how the instruments in Voices of the Empire are programmed will help achieve best results.

### Step 1: Launch Play in Stand-Alone Mode

Launch Play in stand-alone mode, found in one of the following directories:

- **(Mac)** Mac HD / Applications / East West / Play
- **(Win)** C:// Program Files / East West / Play

### Step 2: Load an instrument from the Browser View

Click on the Browser button in the top-left area of the Navigation Bar, then find 'EW Voices of the Empire' in the left column of the Libraries area.

Now click on 1 of the 6 instrument sub-folders to view the instruments within each category in the column to the right. Double-click on any instrument to load it, or to replace the currently selected instrument (if one is already loaded). Holding [shift] while double-clicking will add an instrument.

The loaded instrument will appear in the Instrument Selector and in the Instruments sidebar panel, which also contains the Advanced Instrument Properties for the selected instrument.

See [The Browser View](#) to learn more.



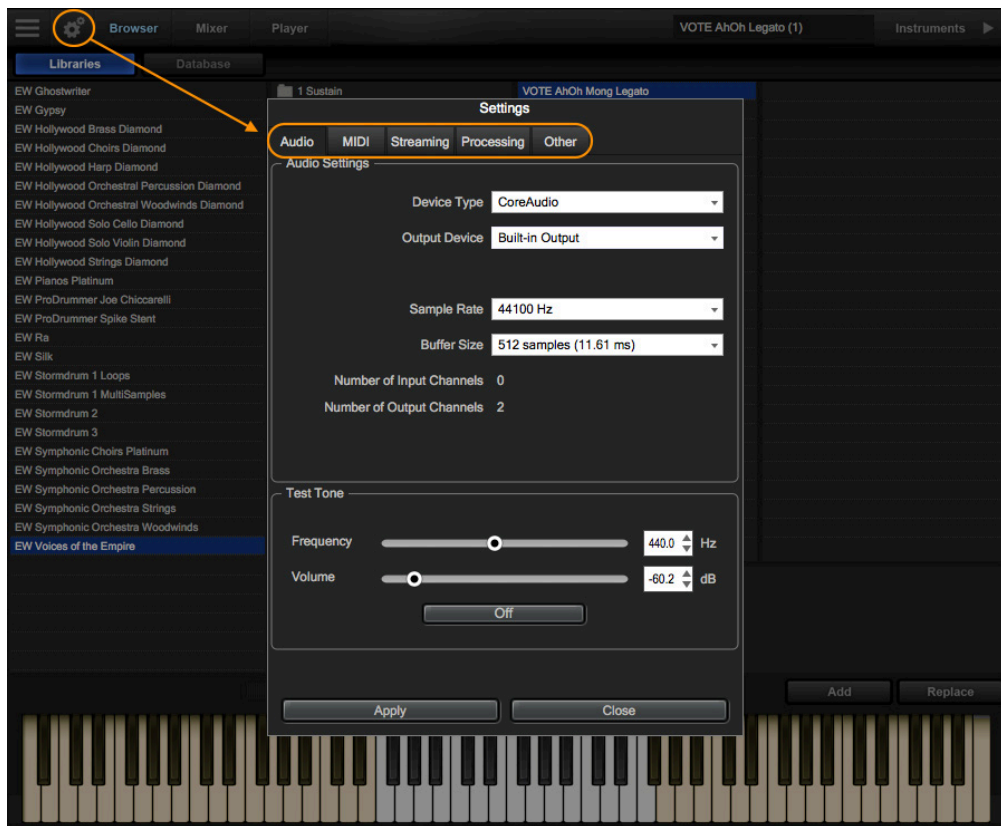
[Voices of the Empire: Browser View]

## Step 3: Play Your Keyboard To Hear Voices of the Empire

The playable range of the loaded instrument will appear highlighted on the virtual keyboard. If a keyswitch (KS) instrument is loaded, blue keys will also appear. Click in the playable range to playback the instrument.

- **Audio Settings:** If you do not hear sound, make sure your audio output is setup correctly by clicking on the Settings Menu in the Navigation Bar, then click on the Audio Settings tab and select an Output Device.
- **MIDI Settings:** To setup a MIDI controller to play the instrument, click on the Settings Menu in the Navigation Bar, then click on the MIDI Settings tab and select a MIDI Device.

See [The Settings Menu](#) to learn more.



[Voices of the Empire: Settings Menu]

## Step 4: Learn More

Information beyond the scope of this manual is available for Play 6, the sample engine that powers Voices of the Empire. The [Play 6 User Manual](#) contains the following and more:

- How to use Play 6 as a plug-in inside a variety of DAWs.
- How to use the Mixer FX, including SSL Channel Strip and Ohmicide

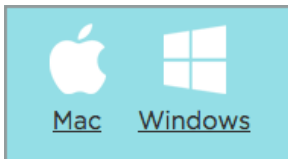
## Voices of the Empire Is NKS-Ready

EastWest's award-winning collection of virtual instruments are now fully compatible with NKS, including the ability to browse instruments, preview sounds, and immediately access pre-mapped instrument parameters all within Native Instruments' Complete Kontrol and Maschine hardware and software. Follow the steps below to make all installed Play Libraries NKS-ready, including Voices of the Empire.

See [Native Instruments - This is NKS](#) to learn more.

### Step 1: Download the NKS Support Installer

To visit the Software & Product Updates page of the EastWest Support Center, please click the following link: <http://www.soundsonline.com/Support>

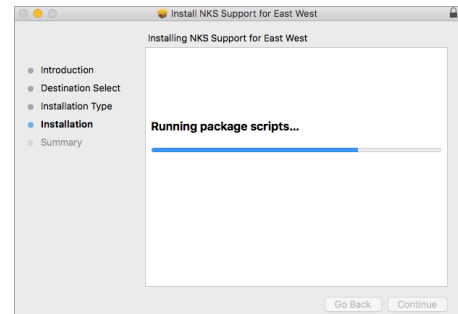


Scroll down to find the 'NKS Support Installer' section, then click on either the Mac or Windows icons to download the installer per your operating system. The download size is approximately 790 mb.

### Step 2: Run the NKS Support Installer

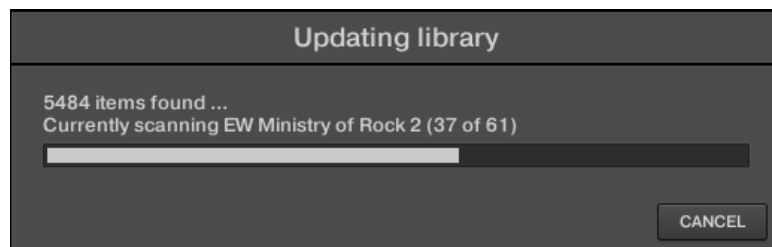
Once the NKS Support installer has downloaded, close all programs, then double-click on the installer to launch it and proceed through the prompts to complete the installation.

**Please note!** The NKS Support Installer can be run anytime after installing additional EastWest Play Libraries to make them NKS-Ready.



### Step 3: Launch Native Instruments Software to Update Libraries

Now launch either the Complete Kontrol or Maschine software to begin the 'Updating Library' scan of all installed Play Libraries, making them NKS-ready for use with Native Instruments Complete Kontrol and Maschine software and hardware.





## How To Optimize Playback and Performance

The Sample Cache settings optimize the streaming settings based on your computer specifications. The right settings can improve the streaming performance of Play 6.

### Adjusting the Streaming Cache

To access the Streaming Cache, click on the Settings Menu button (the gear icon located in the top-left corner) in the Navigation Bar, then click the Streaming tab.

**Please Note!** As a general rule, find the lowest setting that also results in smooth playback. If dropped voices or CPU spikes occur, simply raise the ‘Cache Level’.

The lowest recommended ‘Cache Level’ setting depends on:

- the speed of the computer’s processor (CPU)
- the amount of installed memory (RAM)
- the drive type and connection
- the demands of a project

Adjusting the ‘Cache Level’ affects the following:

- the loading time of your project
- the amount of memory usage
- the playback performance

Outlined below are recommended ‘Cache Level’ settings based on your computer specifications, but please be aware that the demands of a given project are also a factor in determining the best ‘Cache Level’ setting. For example, with the same computer specifications, a large Hollywood Orchestra template will require a higher setting than a project with a few small instruments from Fab Four. That’s because raising the ‘Cache Level’ results in more of each sample being loaded into memory (RAM), reducing the reliance on disk streaming, which allows larger and/or more instruments to playback smoothly at a given time.

In the ‘Settings’ menu under the ‘Streaming’ tab is a list of available drives that appear under ‘Disk Volume’ with their respective ‘Cache Level’ settings to the right. Use the up and down arrows to adjust this level for each drive.

- **A ‘Cache Level’ between 0 - 1:** results in the fastest load times and smallest memory (RAM) usage, but requires a fast, multi-core processor (CPU) and Solid State Drives (SSD) with a fast connection type to achieve smooth playback
- **A ‘Cache Level’ between 2 - 3:** results in less demands on the processor (CPU) but requires more memory (RAM) usage. These settings are best for a computer with an average CPU, but still plenty of RAM and SSDs with a fast connection type
- **A ‘Cache Level’ between 4 - 5:** results in the most memory (RAM) usage, but makes less demands on the processor (CPU) and hard drive. These settings are recommended for computers with an aging CPU and/or traditional 3.5” HDD.

## Hard Drive Specifications

There are several factors that determine what kind of performance you can expect when streaming large sample libraries from a hard drive. Those outlined below include details on the speed of the drive itself, the speed of the connection type, and other options for increasing data transfer speed.

- **Solid State Drive (SSD)** is the best drive option, giving you seek and retrieval times that are nearly instantaneous, allowing for smooth performance at low latencies even when working with larger projects. To take full advantage of the speed offered by SSDs, they must be installed internally to a SATA III connection, or externally via a USB 3.0 or Thunderbolt port. Connection types like SATA II, USB 2.0 and Firewire 400 / 800 do not offer speeds that take full advantage of SSDs.
- **Hard Disk Drive (HDD)** running at 7200 rpm (non-energy saving) is the minimum hard drive specification that will achieve adequate performance. It's best to install this internally to either a SATA II or SATA III connection, or externally via eSATA or USB 3.0. Slower connection types like USB 2.0 or Firewire 400 / 800 will offer less performance, and may not be fast enough for instruments with heavy sample loads that playback many simultaneous voices.
- **Raid 0 Configuration** is an option for professional users to achieve high performance when using streaming drives. There are many resources available online that provide instructions, or you can consult a computer specialist.
- **Mac Pro Retrofit** is a way to optimize older Mac Pro towers that have previous generation ports like USB 2.0, and the internal hard drive bays use SATA II connections. Neither take full advantage of the speed offered by SSDs. A way around this is to install an expansion card into a PCI-e slot (x2 or larger). The biggest boost in performance is provided by SATA III interface cards that connects up to two 2.5" SSDs. When used in a RAID 0 setup, speeds of up to 800 mb/s can be achieved. This is much greater than the 300 mb/s offered by SATA 2 interface.

## Hard Drive Considerations

Some less obvious considerations include only filling your drive up to 70% capacity, spreading libraries across multiple drives, and dedicating drives only to stream libraries.

- **Dedicated Streaming Drives** can achieve better performance because they are dedicated to streaming and do not share the connection's throughput with other tasks like running an operating system or loading projects files.
- **Managing Drive Space (HDD only)** is important to maintain the speed at which data can be read from a drive. Try to keep around 30% of each streaming drive empty to avoid reduced performance, which can drop by half when the drive is up to or greater than 90% filled.
- **Using Multiple Streaming Drives** is recommended when using large sample libraries like the Diamond edition of Hollywood Orchestra. For instance, because Hollywood Strings and Hollywood Brass are both large libraries, putting them on separate drives will help avoid performance issues when playing back large projects that have high voice counts.

Library Considerations

Another way to improve performance when streaming large libraries is to use libraries that have smaller CPU footprint, like the Gold edition libraries that use 16-bit samples as opposed to 24-bit samples, or ‘Lite’ instrument versions designed with fewer samples.

- **‘Lite’ Instrument (LT)** are available for many Play Libraries that are programmed with few samples, lowering voice counts. This can help relieve computer resources that are being taxed as the instrument count rises.
- **Using Smaller Library Editions** require less computer resources by using a lower bit depth (16-bit versus the standard 24-bit) and fewer microphone positions. This enables those with less capable systems access to the same basic soundset. Below is a table showing the differences between the different editions.

COMPARISON OF EDITIONS					
	Silver	Gold	Gold X	Platinum	Diamond
Instruments	Selection	All	All	All	All
Bit Depth	16-bit	16-bit	16-bit	24-bit	24-bit
Mic Positions	1	1	2	3	5



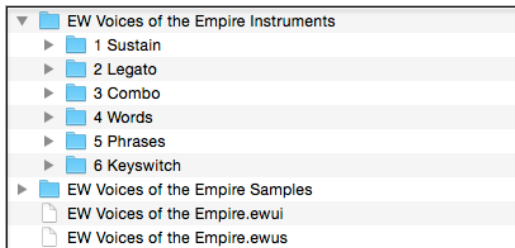
## **Ch. 3: Voices of the Empire Instruments**

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## Inside the Main Library Folder

EW Voices of the Empire is the name of the main library folder of Voices of the Empire.

Inside this folder is the EW Voices of the Empire Instruments folder that contains a numbered set of 6 folders, one for each of the instrument categories, including: 1 Sustain, 2 Legato, 3 Combo, 4 Words, 5 Phrases, and 6 Keyswitches. In each of these folders are a set of instruments matching the description on their given category.



The Voices of the Empire's Instruments folder is linked to the Libraries Browser in Play, where Instruments can be viewed in their original file structure and loaded. When loading an instrument, Play will find the associated samples in the EW Voices of the Empire Samples folder, which contains encrypted content that is only accessible in Play with the respective product

license and activation. Samples cannot be loaded or accessed directly. Also contained in the main library folder is the [.ewui] and [.ewus] files that allow the EW Installation Center to track the version of the Instrument and Sample folders and notify you if updates are available.

See [Step 6: Update Voices of the Empire](#) to learn more.

## Instrument Descriptions

Below are descriptions of the Instruments contained in each of the 6 instrument categories and a table that lists all the instruments along with an explanation of the naming conventions and/or abbreviations used. Voices of the Empire features 84 instruments across the following categories:

- **Sustain** contains a variety of vocal instrument types, including Melismas, Slurs, Sustain Vibratos, Non Vibratos and Up Downs.
- **Legato** instruments playback true legato intervals when playing two connected notes for every interval up to an octave. Available in traditional and Mongolian styles.
- **Combo** instruments combine multiple articulations into a single instrument that uses the Mod Wheel (CC1) or Velocity Sensitivity to determine which of the different articulations will playback.
- **Words** contain performances of specific words mapped across a 2 octave range. Use the Mod Wheel (CC1) to start the word at the beginning or an alternative start time.
- **Phrases** contain a total of 254 phrases sung in western and non-western styles, with an average of 21 phrases each. Each phrase was improvised over a drone in each of the 12 root note positions (A, Bb, B, C, C#, D, Eb, E, F, F#, G, and G#) and as a result doesn't adhere to a particular scale.
- **Keyswitches** instruments combine multiple articulations into a single instrument, and use keyswitches to switch between them. There are keyswitch instruments for Legatos, Melismas, Phrases, Sustains and Words.

Sustain

This category contains a variety of vocal instrument types, including Melismas, Slurs, Sustain Vibrato, Non Vibrato and Up Down. See the bullet points below for descriptions of the instrument types, and the table below for descriptions of each instrument.

The Legato Performance Script is enabled by default on all the sustain instruments, creating smooth monophonic playback.

- **Melisma (“Mel”)** is an expressive phrase in which a syllable of text is sung over several notes in succession. Typically the ornamentation used is a quick up/down accent, but a turn is also used. A turn is a flourish of notes that begins a step above the written note, returns to the written note, goes a step below the written note, then returns to the written note. In Voices of the Empire, the abbreviated ‘Mel’ is accompanied by a number indicating one of up to five unique performances. Use Expression (CC11) to control overall loudness.
- **Slur** into the destination note from a minor 2nd (m2), Major 2nd (M2), minor 3rd (m3) or Perfect 5th (P5) below it. MIDI velocity sensitivity means that at lower velocities (1-89) an *mp* dynamic will playback and at higher velocities (90-127) the *f* dynamic will playback. Expression (CC11) controls overall loudness.
- **Vibrato (“VB”) and Non Vibrato (“NV”)** instruments are available for Ah, Oh and Oo vowels. Load the instrument with the desired vibrato intensity and use Expression (CC11) to control overall loudness.
- **Up Down (“UpDn”)** instruments feature a quick up and down vocal ornamentation performed at regular intervals. Expression (CC11) controls overall loudness.

Instrument Name	Description
VOTE Ah Mel1 x8	Ah Melisma with 8 segments separated by up/down accents
VOTE Ah Mel2 b3-6	Ah Melisma with 3 segments separated by up/down accents on beats 3 & 6
VOTE Ah Mel3 b2-4	Ah Melisma with 3 segments separated by up/down accents on beats 2 & 4
VOTE Ah Mel4	Ah Melisma with 2 segments separated by a quick “turn” (definition above)
VOTE Ah Mel5 Cres x4	Ah Melisma with 4 crescendos at regular intervals
VOTE Ah NonVib	Ah vowel sung with no vibrato
VOTE Ah Slur Maj2nd	Ah Slur from a Major 2nd below the destination note
VOTE Ah Slur min2nd	Ah Slur from a Minor 2nd below the destination note
VOTE Ah Slur min3rd	Ah Slur from a Minor 3rd below the destination note
VOTE Ah Slur P5th	Ah Slur from a Perfect 5th below the destination note
VOTE Ah SusVib	Ah vowel sung with normal vibrato intensity
VOTE Ee Mel1 b3-6	Ee Melisma with 3 segments separated by up/down accents on beats 3 & 6
VOTE Ee Mel2 Cres x4	Ee Melisma with 4 crescendos at regular intervals
<i>continued...</i>	



Instrument Name	Description
VOTE Ee SusVib	Ee vowel sung with normal vibrato intensity
VOTE Oh Mel1 Cres Decres	Oh Melisma that crescendos, then decrescendos
VOTE Oh Mel2	Oh Melisma with 3 segments separated by 2 up/down accents
VOTE Oh Mel3	Oh Melisma with 2 quick up/down accents near the beginning
VOTE Oh Mel4	Oh Melisma begins without vibrato then enters a series of accents.
VOTE Oh Mel5 Cres x4	Oh Melisma with 4 crescendos at regular intervals
VOTE Oh NonVib	Oh vowel sung with no vibrato
VOTE Oh SusVib	Oh vowel sung with normal vibrato intensity
VOTE Oh UpDn 1	Oh Melisma with 8 segments separated by up/down accents
VOTE Oh UpDn 2	Oh Melisma with 2 segments separated by a quick “turn” (definition above)
VOTE Oo Mel1 b3-6	Oo Melisma with 3 segments separated by up/down accents on beats 3 & 6
VOTE Oo Mel2 Cres x4	Oo Melisma with 4 crescendos at regular intervals
VOTE Oo SusVib	Oo vowel sung with normal vibrato intensity

## Legato

Instruments in this category contain multiple sample layers to handle different aspects of legato playing. When playing two connected notes, the corresponding legato interval will playback (up to an octave in either direction within the instrument range), and when playing non-connected, a sustain vibrato sample layer will playback.

The Other (True Legato) Performance Script is enabled by default, which enables smooth monophonic legato playing.

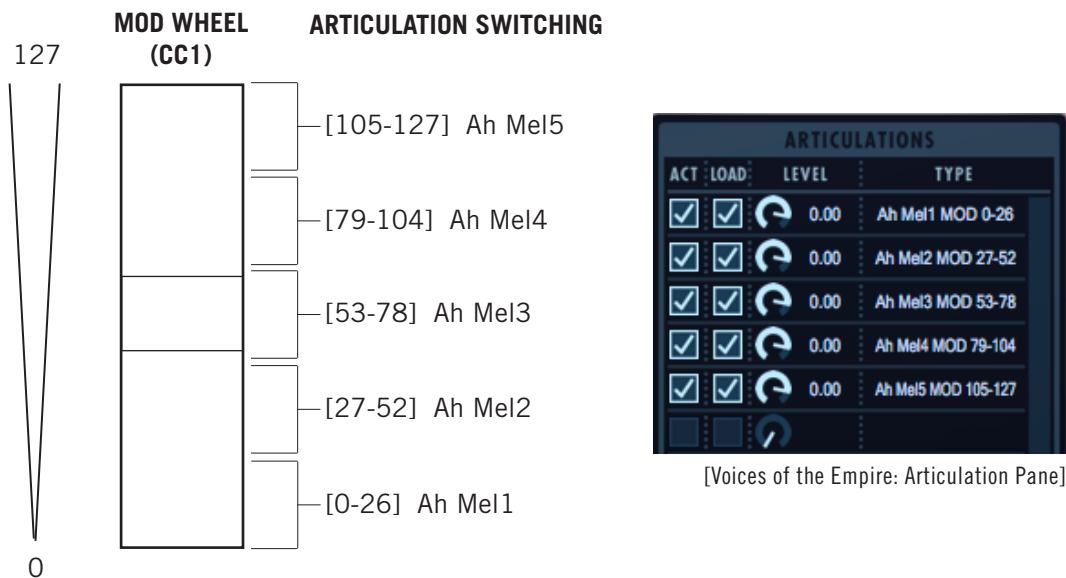
- **Legato Ah Mong Legato VS** uses Velocity Sensitivity (abbreviated ‘VS’) to switch playback between 3 different legato types depending on how forceful you play the MIDI keyboard: Oo legato from 0-60, Oh legato from 61-100 and Ah legato from 101-127. Expression (CC11) is used to control overall loudness.
- **Legato Oh, Legato Oo** instruments behave as detailed in the main description above, with each playing back either a legato interval or sustain vibrato sample layer depending on whether notes are played in a legato fashion (connected) or not. Expression (CC11) is used to control overall loudness.

Instrument Name	Description
VOTE Ah Mong Legato VS	Mongolian Legato Velocity Sensitive: Oo (0-60), Oh (61-100), Ah (101-127)
VOTE Oh Legato	A traditional Oh Legato instrument (see description above).
VOTE Oo Legato	A traditional Oo Legato instrument (see description above).

Combo

These instruments combine multiple articulations (see Articulation Pane below) into a single instrument that uses the Mod Wheel (CC1) or Velocity Sensitivity to determine which articulations will playback. Expression (CC11) controls overall loudness.

- **VS** instruments use MIDI Velocity Sensitivity (abbreviated “VS”) to trigger different articulations depending on how hard or soft you play the MIDI keyboard. The Articulation Pane pictured below displays the articulations included and their respective MIDI Velocity values that range between 1-127.
- **MOD** instruments use the Mod Wheel (CC1) value to determine which articulation is active when a note is played. This applies to different Melisma performances, Legato types (Oh, Ah, Oo), and Sustain Vibrato (VB) and Non Vibrato (NV) intensities. The Articulation Pane displays the name of each articulation within the instrument, and their Mod Wheel values that range between 0-127.



Instrument Name	Description
VOTE Ah LIVE VS	Ah Vib (0-49); Ah Mel 1 (50-76); Ah Mel 2 (77-96); Ah Mel 3 (97-113); Ah Mel 4 (114-122); Ah Mel 5 (123-127)
VOTE Ah Melisma MOD	Ah Mel 1 (0-26); Ah Mel 2 (27-52); Ah Mel 3 (53-78); Ah Mel 4 (79-104); Ah Mel 5 (105-127)
VOTE Ah Sus NV VB VS	Ah Non Vibrato (0-89); Ah Sustain Vibrato ((90-127)
VOTE Ee Melisma MOD	Ee Mel 1 (0-42); Ee Mel 2 (43-85); Ee Vib (86-127)
VOTE Legato MOD	Oh Legato (0-42); Oo Legato (43-85); Ah Legato (86-127)
VOTE Oh LIVE VS	Oh Vib (0-49); Oh Mel 1 (50-76); Oh Mel 2 (77-96); Oh Mel 3 (97-113); Oh Mel 4 (114-122); Oh Mel 5 (123-127)
VOTE Oh Melisma MOD	Oh Mel 1 (0-26); Oh Mel 2 (27-52); Oh Mel 3 (53-78); Oh Mel 4 (79-104); Oh Mel 5 (105-127)
VOTE Oh Sus NV VB VS	Oh Non Vibrato (0-89); Oh Sustain Vibrato ((90-127)
VOTE Oo Melisma MOD	Oo Mel 1 (0-42); Oo Mel 2 (43-85); Oo Vib (86-127)

## Words

The instruments in this category contain performances of specific words mapped chromatically across the keyboard from MIDI note 53 (F2) to 77 (F4).

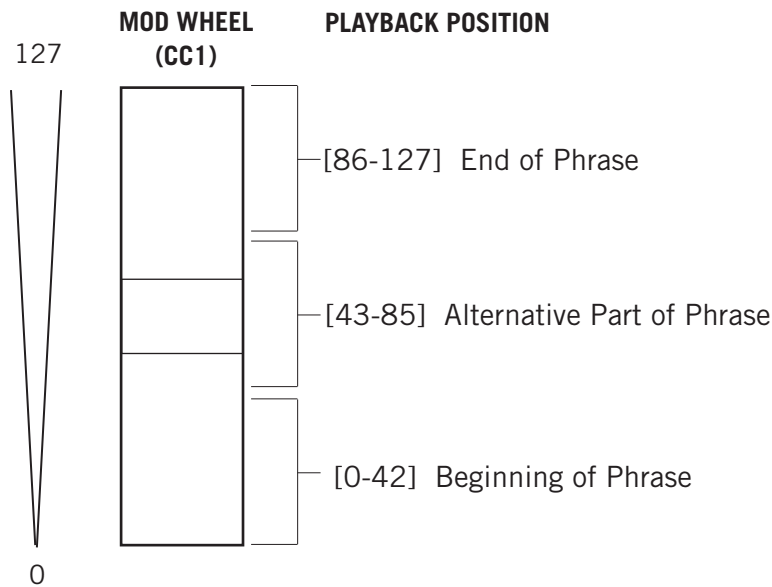
The Mod Wheel (CC1) value determines the playback position of the word; at the beginning of the word (0-64), or at an alternative part of the word (65-127). Expression (CC11) controls overall loudness.

Instrument Name	Description
VOTE Bro MOD START	Bro (0-64); Oh (65-127)
VOTE Dee MOD START	Dee (0-64); Ee (65-127)
VOTE Dez MOD START	Dez (0-64); Ez (65-127)
VOTE Djan MOD START	Djan (0-64); An (65-127)
VOTE Door MOD START	Door (0-64); Or (65-127)
VOTE Gor MOD START	Gor (0-64); Or (65-127)
VOTE Greer MOD START	Greer (0-64); Er (65-127)
VOTE HoHuaHua MOD START	HoHuaHua (0-64); Ah (65-127)
VOTE Jee MOD START	Jee (0-64); Ee (65-127)
VOTE KahiKo MOD START	KahiKo (0-64); Ko (65-127)
VOTE Kohn MOD START	Kohn (0-64); Ohn (65-127)
VOTE La MOD START	La (0-64); Ah (65-127)
VOTE Le MOD START	Le (0-64); Ee (65-127)
VOTE Mai MOD START	Mai (0-64); Ai (65-127)
VOTE MohJey MOD START	MohJey (0-64); Jey (65-127)
VOTE Nar MOD START	Nar (0-64); Ar (65-127)
VOTE Nosh MOD START	Nosh (0-64); Osh (65-127)
VOTE Rain MOD START	Rain (0-64); Ain (65-127)
VOTE Sha MOD START	Sha (0-64); Ah (65-127)
VOTE Som MOD START	Som (0-64); Om (65-127)
VOTE StraVeyHe MOD START	StraVeyHe (0-64); VeyHe (65-127)
VOTE Stra MOD START	Stra (0-64); Ah (65-127)
VOTE Stro MOD START	Stro (0-64); Oh (65-127)
VOTE Ve MOD START	Ve (0-64); Ee (65-127)
VOTE VesLa MOD START	VesLa (0-64); La (65-127)
VOTE Vom MOD START	Vom (0-64); Om (65-127)
VOTE Vos MOD START	Vos (0-64); Os (65-127)
VOTE VosBreathy MOD START	Vos (0-64); Os (65-127)
VOTE Yer MOD START	Yer (0-64); Er (65-127)

### Phrases

Each instrument in this category contains various phrases sung in western and non-western styles, with an average of 21 phrases each. Each phrase was improvised over a drone in each of the 12 root note positions: A, Bb, B, C, C#, D, Eb, E, F, F#, G, and G#) and as a result don't adhere to a particular scale.

The Mod Wheel (CC1) value determines the playback position within the phrase; at the beginning of the phrase (0-42), at an alternative part of the phrase (43-85), or at the end of the phrase (86-127). Expression (CC11) controls overall loudness.



Instrument Name	Description
VOTE Phrases 01 - A	Melisma phrases mapped to white keys between C2 and D3
VOTE Phrases 02 - Bb	Melisma phrases mapped to white keys between C2 and A4
VOTE Phrases 03 - B	Melisma phrases mapped to white keys between C2 and G4
VOTE Phrases 04 - C	Melisma phrases mapped to white keys between C2 and A4
VOTE Phrases 05 - C#	Melisma phrases mapped to white keys between C2 and G4
VOTE Phrases 06 - D	Melisma phrases mapped to white keys between C2 and D5
VOTE Phrases 07 - Eb	Melisma phrases mapped to white keys between C2 and D5
VOTE Phrases 08 - E	Melisma phrases mapped to white keys between C2 and A5
VOTE Phrases 09 - F	Melisma phrases mapped to white keys between C2 and G5
VOTE Phrases 10 - F#	Melisma phrases mapped to white keys between C2 and E5
VOTE Phrases 11 - G	Melisma phrases mapped to white keys between C2 and B4
VOTE Phrases 12 - G#	Melisma phrases mapped to white keys between C2 and D5

## Keyswitches

This category contains instruments that combine multiple articulations into a single instrument by using blue colored keyswitches (highlighted below) to switch between the desired articulations in realtime as you play or sequence. Keyswitch instruments are available for Legato, Melisma, Phrases, and Sustains, and Words. See the table below for details about which articulations are included in each instrument.



[Voices of the Empire: Blue Keyswitches and the Articulation Pane]

Use the Articulation Pane, which displays each articulation name and its MIDI note number mapping, to mix and match various legato types, melismas, phrases, sustains and words by playing (or programming) the corresponding blue keyswitch keys to switch between the various articulation layers.

See [Articulation Pane](#) to learn more.

Instrument Name	Descriptions
<b>VOTE Legato KS C0_E0</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>C0 - Oo Legato</li> <li>C#0 - Oh Legato</li> <li>D0 - Ah Mong Legato</li> </ul>	<p>This combination legato keyswitch (KS) instrument features 3 legato types (Oo, Oh and Ah) that play true legato interval samples when playing connected notes up to an octave in either direction.</p> <p>Expression (CC11) controls overall loudness.</p>
<b>VOTE Melisma KS C0_C#1</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>C0 - Ah Mel5 Cres x4</li> <li>C#0 - Ee Mel1 b3-6</li> <li>D0 - Ee Mel2 Cres x4</li> <li>Eb0 - Oh Mel1 Cres Decres</li> <li>E0 - Oh Mel2 b3-6</li> <li>F0 - Oh Mel3 b2-4</li> <li>F#0 - Oh Mel4</li> <li>G0 - Oh Mel5 Cres x4</li> <li>G#0 - Oo Mel1 b3-6</li> <li>A0 - Oo Mel2 Cres x4</li> <li>Bb0 - Ah Mel1 x8</li> <li>B0 - Ah Mel2 b3-6</li> <li>C1 - Ah Mel3 b2-4</li> <li>C#1 - Ah Mel4</li> </ul>	<p>A combination melisma keyswitch (KS) instrument featuring a total of 14 melisma performances across 4 vowels types: Oo, Oh, Ee and Ah.</p> <p>Expression (CC11) controls overall loudness.</p>
<b>VOTE Phrases KS C0_B0</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>C0 - Phrases C</li> <li>C#0 - Phrases C#</li> <li>D0 - Phrases D</li> <li>Eb0 - Phrases Eb</li> <li>E0 - Phrases E</li> <li>F0 - Phrases F</li> <li>F#0 - Phrases F#</li> <li>G0 - Phrases G</li> <li>G#0 - Phrases G#</li> <li>A0 - Phrases A</li> <li>Bb0 - Phrases Bb</li> <li>B0 - Phrases B</li> </ul>	<p>A combination phrases keyswitch (KS) instrument featuring phrases for all 12 root note positions: C, C#, D, Eb, E, F, F#, G, G#, A, Bb, B.</p> <p>The Mod Wheel (CC1) value determines playback position within the phrase; at the beginning of the phrase (0-42); at an alternative part of the phrase (43-85), or at the end of the phrase (86-127).</p> <p>Expression (CC11) controls overall loudness.</p>
<b>VOTE Sus KS C0_F0</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>C0 - Ah Non Vib</li> <li>C#0 - Ah Sus Vib</li> <li>D0 - Ee Sus Vib</li> <li>Eb0 - Oh Non Vib</li> <li>E0 - Oh Sus Vib</li> <li>F0 - Oo Sus Vib</li> <li>F#0 - Ah Slur m2nd</li> <li>G0 - Ah Slur M2nd</li> <li>G#0 - Ah Slur m3rd</li> <li>A0 - Ah Slur P5th</li> </ul>	<p>A combination sustain keyswitch (KS) instrument featuring 10 articulations, including sustain vibrato, non vibrato and slurs across 4 vowels types: Oo, Oh, Ee, and Ah.</p> <p>The Ah Slur articulations use Velocity Sensitivity to determine which of two dynamic layers will playback. Receiving velocities between 1-89 playback an <i>mp</i> dynamic layer, while faster velocities between 90-127 playback an <i>f</i> dynamic layer.</p> <p>Expression (CC11) controls overall loudness.</p>

*continued...*



Instrument Name	Descriptions
VOTE Words KS A-1_C#2	A combination words keyswitch (KS) instrument featuring 29 different words.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• A-1 - Bro</li><li>• A#-1-Dee</li><li>• B-1 - Dez</li><li>• C0 - Djan</li><li>• C#0 - Door</li><li>• D0 - Gor</li><li>• Eb0 - Greer</li><li>• E0 - HoHuaHua</li><li>• F0 - Jee</li><li>• F#0 - KahlKo</li><li>• G0 - Kohn</li><li>• G#0 - La</li><li>• A0 - Le</li><li>• A#0 - Mai</li><li>• B0 - MohJay</li><li>• C1 - Nar</li><li>• C#1 -Nosh</li><li>• D1 - Rain</li><li>• D#1-Sha</li><li>• E1 - Som</li><li>• F1 - StraVeyHe</li><li>• F#1 -Stra</li><li>• G1 - Stro</li><li>• G#1 -Ve</li><li>• A1 - VesLa</li><li>• A#1 -Vom</li><li>• B1 - Vos</li><li>• C2 - VosBreathy</li><li>• C#2 -Yer</li></ul>	<p>The Mod Wheel (CC1) value determines playback position of the word; at the beginning of the word (0-64); or at an alternative part of the word (65-127).</p> <p>Expression (CC11) controls overall loudness.</p>



## **Ch. 4: Voices of the Empire User Interface**

<b>30</b>	<b>The Main Navigation Bar</b>
<b>30</b>	<b>The Player View</b>
<b>43</b>	<b>The Browser View</b>
<b>46</b>	<b>The Instruments Sidebar</b>
<b>48</b>	<b>The Mixer View</b>
<b>49</b>	<b>The Main Menu</b>
<b>50</b>	<b>The Settings Menu</b>

## The Main Navigation Bar

The Navigation Bar is located at the top of Play 6 and includes (from left to right): Main Menu, Settings Menu, the Browser, Mixer and Player buttons, an Instrument Selector, and the Instruments Sidebar panel.



## The Player View

When an instrument from Voices of the Empire is loaded into Play 6, the Player view will display the Voices of the Empire user interface and the loaded instrument will appear in the Instrument Selector.

See [How To Load Instruments](#) to learn more.



## The Virtual Keyboard

The virtual keyboard at the bottom of the Play user interface is color coded: White keys represent the playable range of an instrument, Tan keys indicate no samples are loaded, and Blue keys are keyswitches that enable the ability to switch between different articulations within an instrument.

## The Master Instrument Channel

The Master Channel is a strip along the right side of the Voices of the Empire UI that affects the master output for the selected instrument.



### Channel Source

Click in the Channel Source field to reveal a drop-down list with options to configure the output.

- **Stereo** outputs the original stereo channels as they were recorded.
- **Mono** sums the left and right channels into a dual mono channel.
- **Mono From Left** outputs the left channel to a dual mono output, discarding the right channel.
- **Mono From Right** outputs the right channel to a dual mono output, discarding the left channel.
- **Swap Left and Right** outputs a reverse stereo image of the original audio (swapping the left and right channels).



### Tuning

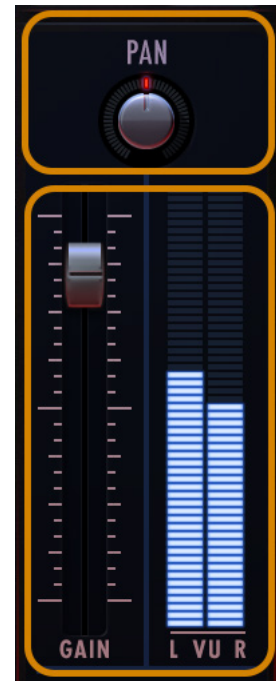
The Tune control includes coarse and fine tuning modes. Coarse tuning adjusts the pitch up or down in semitone increments, while fine tuning moves the pitch up or down in increments of 1/100<sup>th</sup> of a semitone (called “cents”).

Change the tuning value by clicking on the arrows inside the spinboxes above the coarse and fine tuning buttons, or use the Tune knob with a selected tuning mode. The spinboxes display the tuning values for both the coarse and fine tuning modes.



### Panning

The Pan knob adjusts the volume of the left and right audio signal to change the perceived position of the sound source, while preserving the relative panning of the individual microphones in each of the 3 Microphone Mixes. Use the Pan knob to define the position in the stereo image, or for special effect.



### Master Fader

The Master Fader adjusts the volume of the instrument's master output, without affecting relative mix of the microphone sub-mixer channels. Two audio meters display the signal of the stereo output in real-time.

### Stereo Outputs

By default the 'Main L/R' option in the Output Channel dialog is selected. To assign an instrument to a stereo output other than the default, click in the field and select 1 of 9 stereo outputs.

This option allows you to send the stereo outputs of each loaded instrument to separate audio tracks in your system's sound card (in stand alone mode) or in your host sequencer (as a plug-in).

### Mute and Solo

When enabled, the Mute button silences the audio output for the selected instrument. When enabled, the Solo button silences the audio outputs for all instruments that are not currently soloed.



## Mixes

The Mixes section is located to the left of the Master Channel, and to the right of the associated Articulation Pane on the Voices of the Empire UI.



The Mixes section allows you to control the volume, pan, on/off state, and the mute/solo state of the 3 Microphone Mixes contained in Voices of the Empire.

- **Close:** this microphone mix is a made up of a Josephson 257 and Neuman U47.
- **Rear:** this microphone mix includes a pair of vintage Coles 40-38's.
- **Room:** this microphone position is a vintage AKG C24.

Click on the light below each sub-mix to toggle its on/off state, effectively loading or unloading the samples from memory.

The Mute (M) and Solo (S) buttons function the same as in the Master Channel. That is, when enabled, the Mute button silences the audio output for the selected instrument.

When enabled, the Solo button silences the audio outputs for all instruments that are not currently soloed.





## Articulation Pane

The Articulation Pane is located in the center of the Voices of the Empire UI. It contains all the individual articulations available for the selected instrument.

Depending on what instrument is loaded, there may be many articulations present, or just one. Instruments containing multiple articulations are programmed to respond to various commands for real-time control over articulation switching, including the use of keyswitches, the mod wheel (CC1) or MIDI velocity sensitivity.

See [Ch. 3: Voices of the Empire Instruments](#) to learn more



Each articulation in the Articulation Pane contains the following:

- **Active:** check this box to make the articulation active.
- **Loaded:** check this box to load the corresponding articulation into memory.
- **Level:** adjust the volume of an articulation by moving the Level knob of the corresponding articulation.
- **Type:** displays the articulation type, and in the case of keyswitch instruments, the MIDI note number the keyswitch is programmed on. Note that the blue keyswitch selected (highlighted) below corresponds to the 'C0 - Phrases C' in the Articulation Pane above.



## Reverb

Play uses a special type of reverb called Convolution that uses short impulses to excite a space, like a studio or cathedral, and capture the resulting “impulse response” (IR).

That IR contains the characteristics of that space, which can then be applied, or convolved, with the input signal to simulate that sound playing in that given space.



- **On Button:** Click the ‘On’ button to toggle the on/off state of the Reverb. When enabled, the Reverb ‘On’ button becomes illuminated.
- **Preset List:** Click in the field containing the name of the currently selected IR to reveal a drop-down list of all available IRs, with a check-mark indicating the current selection. Click on the desired IR to select it.
- **Volume Knob:** Adjust this value to specify the amount of reverb to apply to the signal.
- **Master Button:** Click on this button to toggle the on/off state of the Master Reverb control. When enabled the Reverb ‘On’ button becomes illuminated and reverb is applied to all instruments within a given instance of Play.

**Please Note!** The Master Reverb control saves CPU resources by applying the selected IR to all loaded instruments within a single instance of Play, including Play Libraries that do not include a Master Reverb button themselves.

## Stereo Double

The Stereo Double controls allow you to set the width of the stereo spread. This only works when 'Stereo' is selected in the the Channel Source of the Master Channel (which is the default setting).



Select between the Left (L) and Right (R) signal with the buttons on either side of the On button, then use the 'Amount' knob to dial in the desired depth.

Turning the 'Amount' knob all the way to the left results in no effect, the equivalent of disabling the effect entirely. Turning the 'Amount' knob all the way to the right results in the maximum stereo spread.



## Envelope

The Envelope controls the volume of a sound over time across 5 stages. Each knobs controls the length or loudness of one or more stages of the envelope. All Play Library instruments are programmed with default Envelope values to achieve a natural sound. Changing this may result in less than natural results.



## Stages of an Envelope

The Attack, Hold, and Decay stages of the envelope determine how long it takes for the sound to go from the initial attack to the beginning of the the sustain stage. Typically, a sound begins to drop in volume immediately after reaching its loudest point, but using the Hold value maintains the volume at its loudest point until reaching the decay stage.

- **Attack:** measured in milliseconds (ms), this stage starts at the beginning of the note until it reaches its highest volume.
- **Hold:** this stage maintains the loudest volume of the attack for the number of milliseconds (ms) specified.
- **Decay:** the time in milliseconds (ms) it takes to drop from the highest point of the attack or hold stage, to the sustain stage that follows.

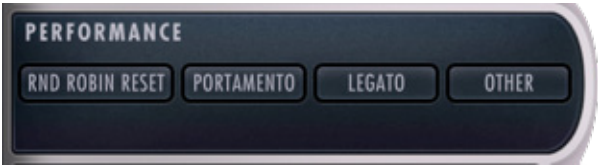


- **Sustain:** specifies the loudness of the sound in decibels (db) after the intial attack, and until the note is released.
- **Release:** determines how long the sound remains audible, in milliseconds (ms) after a note is released.



### Performance Scripts

A performance script changes the sample playback of an instrument, and can be automated using MIDI Continuous Controllers (CCs). Voices of the Empire contains 4 performance scripts that are described below.



### Automating Performance Scripts

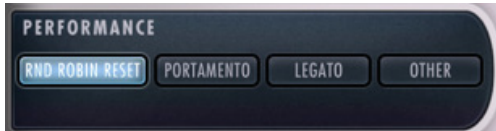
Performance scripts can be automated by sending MIDI Continuous Controller (CC) values to the specified controller lane.

In order to automate a performance script to turn on or off over the course of a sequence, use the MIDI CC number that is assigned to the script (see table below) you wish to change and send a value between 0 and 63 to disable it and a value between 64 and 127 to enable it. If no MIDI CC value is present, the script retains it's default setting.

CC	Portamento	Legato	Other (True-Legato)
5	Time	Time	
22			Poly / Mono
65	On/Off		
68		On/Off	

## Round Robin Reset

Round Robin (RR) is a sampling technique of recording multiple takes of the same note (played in a similar manner), to capture the inherent variation from one to the next. When playing an instrument that includes RR samples, Play will alternate between these samples to avoid the unnatural sound of the same note (and identical sample) playing repeatedly. Any articulation with “RR” in its name uses round robin



technology. Those with an “x3,” “x4,” etc, use 3, 4, or more sample variations per note.

The Round Robin Reset control solves the one potential problem with this sampling technique. For example, because Play remembers which sample should be played the next time a note sounds, if a round-robin patch contains two samples, A and B, and a piece uses that note 7 times over the whole piece, the playback will be A B A B A B A. If the piece is played again from the beginning, the engine will play starting with B, because that's next in order. The second rendition will be subtly different. Being able to reset all round-robin articulations to the beginning of the cycle allows for consistent playback.

## Automating a Round Robin Reset

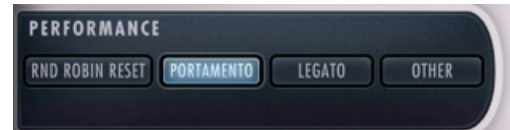
You can use the Round Robin button to reset all round robin articulations on demand, or assign either a MIDI note or MIDI Continuous Controller (CC) to reset them directly from a MIDI controller or from the controller lane in your DAW.

These options are found in the ‘Other’ tab of the Setting menu. The numeric value in the spin box specifies which note number (C3 = 60) or which MIDI Continuous Controller (CC) will be interpreted as a reset. Once set, all the round robin instruments in any given MIDI channel will be reset when that note or CC value is received.



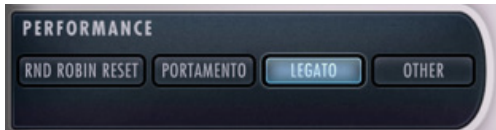
## Portamento

This script emulates portamento playing by applying a short, anticipatory movement between the pitches of two adjacent notes in a phrase. You can make the portamento effect more pronounced by sending higher values on a scale between 0 and 127 on MIDI Continuous Controller 5 (CC5).



## Legato

This script emulates legato playing by forcing monophonic behavior and adjusting note timing. You can make the legato effect more pronounced by sending higher values on a scale between 0 and 127 on MIDI Continuous Controller 5 (CC5). The legato script also disables release trails and turns on reverb to ensure smooth playback of a melodic line.



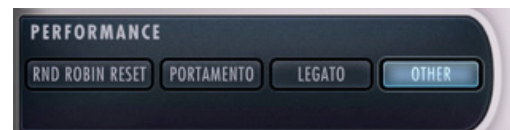
Please note that the legato script is only an effect being applied to an instrument and not the same as the true-legato instruments that have actual sampled legato intervals and use the 'Other' script described below.

## Other

The 'Other' (True Legato) script is forces monophonic behavior and uses MIDI Velocity sensitivity to adjust the timing of the legato transition's playback.

By playing softly (around a velocity range of 50-60) a longer legato transition time will playback, allowing slow music to breathe more. By playing more forcefully (within a velocity range of 110-127), a shorter legato transition time will playback, tightening up the timing between notes.

When MIDI Velocity is being used to control Legato Speed, it does not affect loudness.



The forced monophonic behavior in the 'Other' script can be turned on and off by sending a values on MIDI CC22. Send values between 0 and 63 to enable polyphony, and values between 64 and 127 to enable monophonic behavior.

MIDI Velocity sensitivity will continue to affect legato transition time unless the 'Other' button is turned off from the Player view. Please be aware that disabling monophonic behavior runs the risk of inadvertently playing back unwanted legato transitions when there is more than one melodic line being played.

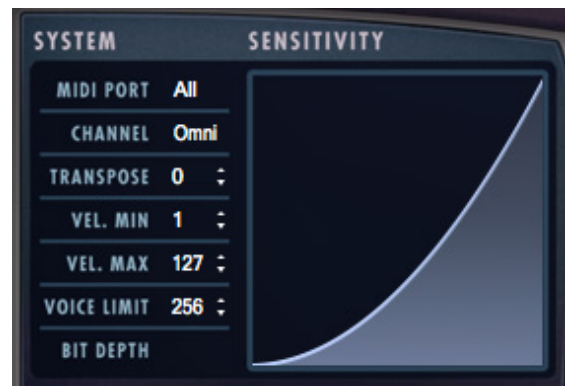


## System and Sensitivity

This area contains several settings, some of which can also be found in the Advanced Instrument Properties within [The Instruments Sidebar](#).



- **MIDI Port** defines which available MIDI devices are enabled (stand-alone only).
- **Channel** Omni mode receives MIDI data on all channels, while 1 through 16 indicates a specific channel for receiving the MIDI data.
- **Transpose** raises or lowers the incoming MIDI note by increments of +/- 1 semitone.
- **Velocity Min / Max** specifies the minimum velocity and maximum velocity range for a given instrument. Values below the minimum or above the maximum velocity are respectively remapped to the lowest and highest values.
- **Voice Limit** specifies the maximum number of voices that an instrument can playback. If an instrument receives more voices than the voice limit value, it will cut off voices that began playing first. Keep in mind that there are instruments that play more than one sample when sounding a note (such as instruments that use cross-fading, have release trails and/or multiple microphone positions).
- **Sensitivity** determines what part of the dynamic range the instrument is most sensitive to, ranging in values between -100 and +100. The Sensitivity Curve graph included in Voices of the Empire will reflect changes made here.



## Status Bar

The Status Bar tracks system usage for CPU, Disk, Voices, and RAM usage. Monitor the usage and if necessary adjust the 'Sample Cache' settings located in the Settings Menu under Streaming tab to improve performance.



- **CPU** the percentage of the total processor capacity Play is consuming.
- **Disk** the number of megabytes per second (MB/s) data is being streamed from disk
- **Memory** the number of megabytes (MB) of RAM being used by loaded samples.
- **Voices** the number of samples, not just notes, currently being played.

See [How To Optimize Playback and Performance](#) to learn more.

## The Browser View

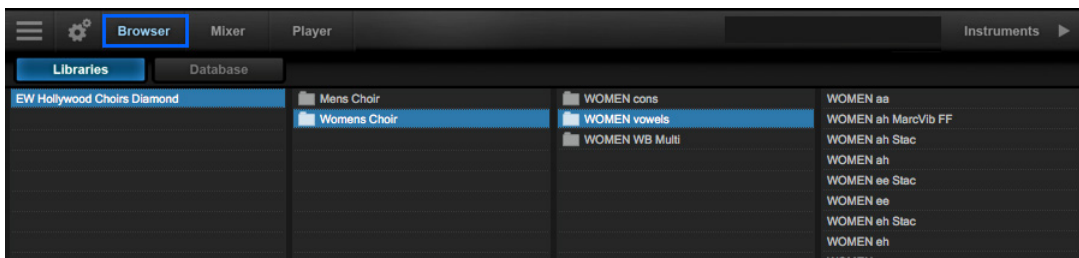
2 different modes are available in the Browser view that enable you to find the instrument you're looking for.

- **Libraries** allows you to browse for instruments within their original Play Library file structure. Existing Play users will be familiar with this one.
- **Database** allows you to conduct a direct search with key words, or narrow down search results by selecting attribute tags across a variety of categories.

### Libraries Browser

The left column of the Libraries browser is where all installed Play Libraries populate. Click on EW Voices of the Empire here and browse through the 6 sub-categories that includes Sustain, Legato, Combo, Words, Phrases and Keyswitch.

See [Ch. 3: Voices of the Empire Instruments](#) to learn more



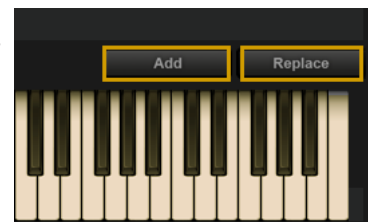
### How To Load Instruments

To load an instrument, select it from the right column, and click either the 'Add' button or the 'Replace' button.

Click the 'Replace' button, or simply double-click, to replace the currently selected instrument with a new one.

Click the 'Add' button, or double-click while holding [shift], to add the instrument to the existing loaded instruments.

If more than 1 instrument is loaded when you click the 'Replace' button, a prompt will give you the option to replace the current selected instrument, or replace all loaded instruments.



### How To Use The Instrument Selector

When multiple instruments are loaded, click the [Instrument Selector](#) field to reveal a drop-down menu showing all loaded instruments and their respective MIDI channel assignments.

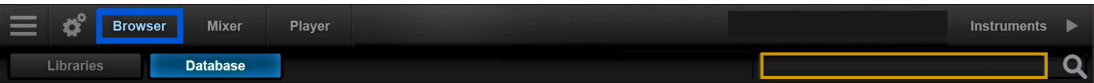
A check-mark indicates the current instrument selection, and clicking on a loaded instrument will make it the current selection.



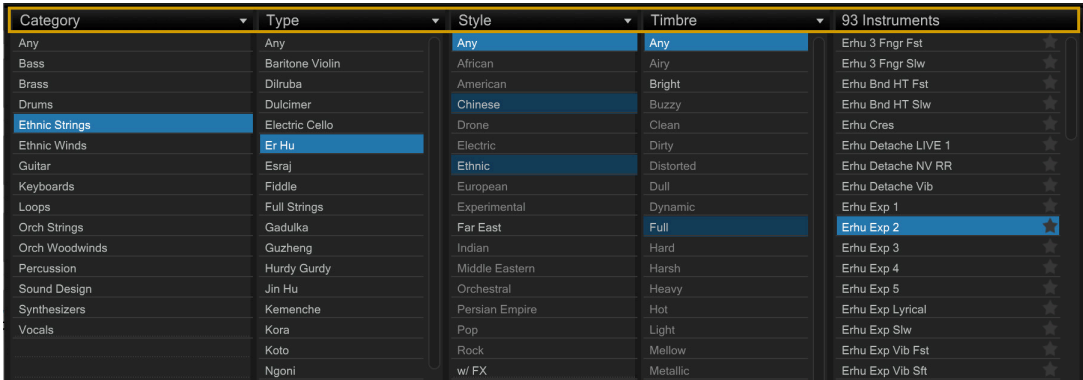
The [Player](#) view follows the current instrument selection as well, displaying the appropriate user interface.

### Database Browser

The Database browser allows you to search for instruments by selecting attribute tags from a variety of categories, as well as query search words directly in the [Search Field](#).

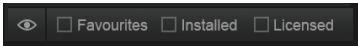


By default, the left column contains the main Category, and the 3 middle columns contain Type, Style and Timbre.



The right column contains a [Results List](#) that populates with instruments that match the selected criteria. At the top of that column is an [Instrument Count](#) that provides the number of resulting instruments.

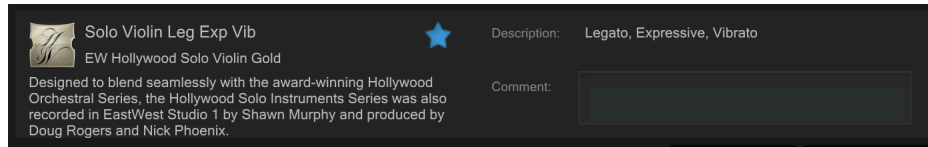
At the bottom of the column are a set of [Filters](#) that allow you to further narrow the current selection of instruments to only show those tagged as Favorites, or Installed and/or Licensed to your computer.



To tag an instrument as a [Favorite](#), click on the star icon to the right of the instrument name in the results list. The star icon will light up to indicate it has been tagged.

The [Instrument Panel](#) is located in the lower center area, and contains information for the instrument selected in the results list. This information includes the instrument

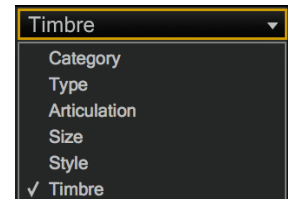
name, the Play Library or Collection it's from, a blurb about the library, a description of the instrument and comments box that can be freely edited.



## Access Additional Attribute Categories

To access additional attribute categories that include Articulation, Library and Size, click on any category name to reveal a drop-down menu, then click on the desired category. A check-mark indicates the current selection.

**Quick Tip!** If using Play Libraries with a lot of articulations, like the Hollywood Series, swap Timbre for the Articulation category for better results.



## Database Hierarchy

The Category column has the highest level of hierarchy in the database. It contains broad attribute tags such as instrument groups like 'Ethnic Strings' and special categories like 'Loops & Kits'. Selecting a tag in this column will affect all other columns, narrowing down the visible results in each.

The Type column has the second highest level of hierarchy in the database. It contains attribute tags that are a subset of Category, including instrument types like 'Dulcimer' and special category types like 'Drum Loops'. Selecting a tag in this column will affect all other columns (except Category) by graying out the visible results in each. This behavior allows you to always see the narrowed results in all other columns based on the main Category selection, even as you further define the search in the Type category.

The remaining categories represent the third tier of hierarchy in the database. Style tags pertain to musical style (genre) and production style (w/FX), Timbre tags describe the quality or tone of a sound, Articulation tags define the performance technique(s) used, and Size tags are related to the loading size of an instrument: small, medium, large and x-large. Libraries tags can be used in conjunction with other search categories to find "all the guitars in Fab Four", for example. This differs from the search function in the Libraries area, where instruments are located by searching for instruments within the individual Play Libraries' folder structure.

## Tag Selection Rules

The Category and Type categories enable one tag to be selected at a given time, while all other categories enable multiple tag selections by holding down 'command' (macOS) or 'alt' (Win) keys while selecting tags.

When selecting multiple tags in the Style, Timbre, Articulation, Library and Size categories, please note that only instruments containing all selected attributes will appear in

the results list, not just one or the other. This allows you to find, for example, drums that are both fat and punchy.

## How To Reset Tag Selections

Clicking the ‘Any’ tag at the top of the Category column will reset existing tag selections across all categories.

Clicking the ‘Any’ tag at the top of every other category will reset the tag selections in only that given category.

Category	Type	Style
Any	Any	Any
Bass	Bass Drum	Acoustic
Drums	Big Drums	African
Ethnic Strings	Drum Ensemble	Ambient
Ethnic Winds	Drum Kits	American
Guitar	Drum Loops	Breakbeat
Keyboards	Field Drum	Chinese
Loops and Kits	Performance	Dance
Orchestral Brass	Small Drums	Downtempo
Orchestral Strings	Snare Drum	Electronic
Orchestral Woodwinds	Timpani	Ethnic
Percussion	Toms	European
Synth and FX	ZenDrum	Experimental
Vocals		Far East

## The Instruments Sidebar

Click the Instruments Sidebar button on the right side of the Navigation Bar to open a panel that displays all loaded instruments and their MIDI channel, audio output and volume controls.

## Advanced Instrument Properties

The settings of the currently selected instrument appear in the Advanced Instrument Properties window located at the bottom of the Instruments Sidebar panel.

To make an instrument the current selection, click on it from the Instruments Sidebar, the Instrument Selector, or Mixer areas, then change the settings as desired.

Browser

Mixer

Player

[\*] MEN Util P1 (1)

Instruments

MEN Util P1

1 Main L/R

MEN Util P2

2 Main L/R

MEN Util P3

3 Main L/R

MEN Util P4

4 Main L/R

MEN Util P5

5 Main L/R

MEN Util P6

6 Main L/R

MEN Util P7

7 Main L/R

Transpose 0

Tune 0.00

Microtuning Western

Root C

Key Range C-2 G8

Velo Range 1 127

Sensitivity -25

Keyswitch C-2

Pitch Bend 0

Voice Limit 256

Delete

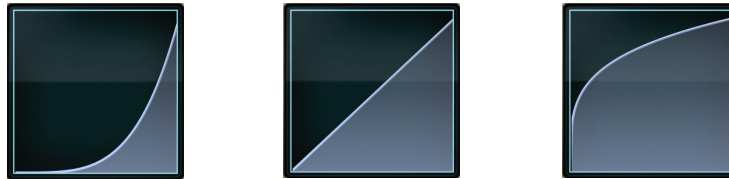
Below are brief descriptions of those settings.

- **Transpose** raises or lowers the incoming MIDI note by increments of +/- 1 semitone.
- **Tune** changes the pitch of the audio signal during playback. Note that sound quality decreases as the tuning interval grows larger.
- **Micro Tuning** is available for select Play Libraries only. By default, the 12 notes within an octave are tuned to the traditional Western scale. The other micro tuning scales adjust the tuning of the 11 non-root notes to produce the characteristic sound of the given scale.
- **Root** allows the selection of the lowest note in the scale, or the “root note”. The intervals of all other notes in a given scale are relative to the root.
- **Key Range** specifies the range of notes to which the instrument will respond, effectively muting notes you don’t want to hear, or



giving you the ability to split the keyboard between multiple instruments on a single MIDI channel.

- **Velocity Range** specifies the minimum velocity and maximum velocity range for a given instrument. Values below the minimum or above the maximum velocity are respectively remapped to the lowest and highest values.
- **Sensitivity** determines what part of the dynamic range the instrument is most sensitive to, ranging in values between -100 (left) and +100 (right). The Sensitivity Curve Graph included in the Player view of some Play Libraries will reflect changes made here.



- **Keyswitch** sets the selected instrument's default keyswitch note, which specifies the articulation in the keyswitch file that plays when no keyswitch note has been played in its MIDI channel in the current session. Please note, the instrument must be saved to the file system with an [.ewi] extension and reopened from that [.ewi] file for the new default value to take effect.
- **Pitch Bend** specifies the range of the Pitch Bend Wheel in semitones. The value can be set between -12 semitones and +12 semitones. Negative values reverse the direction of the Pitch Bend Wheel, so pushing it up lowers the pitch.
- **Voice Limit** specifies the maximum number of voices that an instrument can playback, up to a limit of 999. If an instrument receives more voices than the voice limit value, it will cut off voices that began playing first.

## The Mixer View

The Mixer view displays a channel strip for each loaded instrument with controls for volume, panning, mute and solo, as well as buttons to access an FX Rack and to open Sub-Mixer channels for instruments with multiple microphone positions.



### How To Access The FX Rack

The FX Rack contains EastWest's Amp Simulator and Convolution Reverb, Ohm Force's Ohmicide distortion plugin, and SSL's suite of audio processing tools that includes a Filter, EQ, Compressor, Gate/Expander, Transient Shaper and Stereo Buss Compressor.



### How To Open The Sub-Mixer Channels

For Instruments that contain multiple microphone positions, a Sub-Mixer button will appear to the right of the mute, solo and FX buttons. Single microphone instrument do not display this button.

Click on the Sub-Mixer button to reveal a channel strip for each available microphone position.

Loaded microphones are illuminated in white, while unloaded instruments are gray.

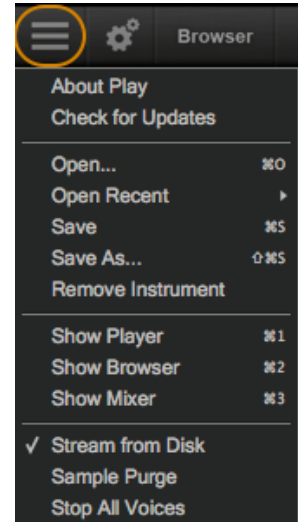
Click on the microphone name to load and unload an instrument.



## The Main Menu

The Main Menu appears as three horizontal bars located in the top-left corner of the Play interface. Click on it for quick access to the options detailed below.

- **About Play:** Displays pertinent information about the product, including version number, copyright, and information about the Play Library the currently selected instrument comes from.
- **Check for Updates:** Use an internet connection to check for a new version of the Play software (if available).
- **Open:** Load an instrument file with the extension [.ewi] from it's current location.
- **Open Recent:** The last 9 previously opened instruments appear in this list. Click on an instrument's file name to reopen it.
- **Save:** Any changes you made with controls in the Player view can be saved to an existing instrument [.ewi] and reopened.
- **Save As:** Performs the same operation as the Save option (above), except that the instrument name and save location can be changed, without overwriting the original instrument [.ewi]
- **Remove Instrument:** Removes the currently selected instrument from this instance of Play.
- **Show Player, Browser, Mixer:** Use these shortcuts as an alternative to switching between the 3 main views in the Navigation Bar at the top of the Play user interface.
- **Refresh Browser:** Use this option if changes to Play Libraries file system were made while Play is open. This option will force Play to rescan and update the file directory.
- **Stream From Disk:** This option is enabled by default upon loading an instrument. It loads the beginning portion of each sample into RAM and streams the rest from the hard drive. When the item is not checked, the entire instrument is loaded into RAM. This setting only applies to the currently selected instrument.
- **Sample Purge:** contains a set of options that allow you to free up system resources in large projects by removing unused samples from memory. This can be done across all instruments, or on a per-instrument basis.

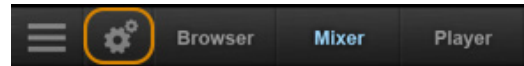


To begin, click the 'Reset' button to clear the memory of previous playback information. Next, playback the sequence in your DAW. Any notes not played since the last reset will be removed by clicking the 'Purge' button. To bring back purged samples, click the 'Reload' button.



## The Settings Menu

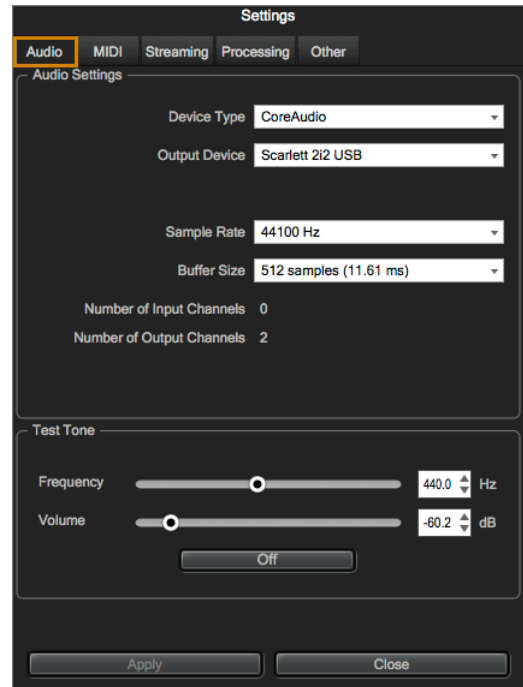
The Settings Menu appears as a gear icon located in the top-left corner of the Play interface, to the right of the Main Menu. Click on it for quick access to the 5 categories of options detailed below.



### Audio Settings

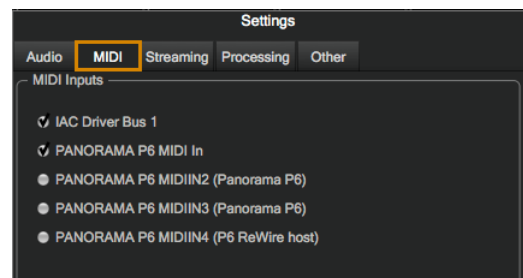
The Audio Settings tab enables you to configure audio connections when running Play in stand alone. When running as a plug-in, the DAW will handle the audio connections and Play's Audio Settings tab will be disabled.

- **Device Type:** Select an audio driver from the drop-down menu to handle the audio input and output.
- **Output Device:** Select an audio interface from the drop-down menu, or choose built-in audio if you do not have an audio interface.
- **Sample Rate:** Select a sample rate from the drop-down menu. The options that appear here will depend on the supported sample rates of your audio interface.
- **Buffer Size:** Select from a range of buffer sizes available from your audio interface. Lower buffer settings result in less latency (delay), but require more computer resources.
- **Input / Output Channels:** These readouts give the number of audio channel inputs and outputs available on your audio interface.
- **ASIO Settings:** A shortcut is available to Windows users that allows you to open the ASIO audio driver to set Sample Rate and Audio Buffer Size.
- **Test Tone:** Use these controls to verify that audio being generated by Play is correctly routed to your speakers, headphones, or any other destination. Use the two sliders to set the frequency and volume, then click on the button to start or stop the tone.



### MIDI Settings

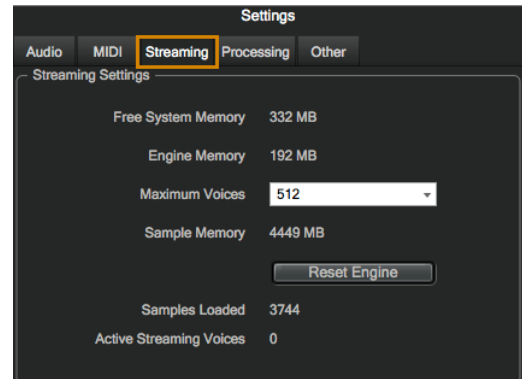
The MIDI Settings tab allows you to specify which MIDI devices can send MIDI data to Play. The types of devices that will be listed here include MIDI keyboards, control surfaces, and the MIDI I/O from an audio interface. Click to leave a check-mark next to the MIDI device to enable it, and click again to remove the check-mark and disable it.



## Streaming Settings

Disk streaming technology involves storing a small portion of the beginning of each sample into RAM (called “pre-buffer”) and streaming the rest from a drive in real-time. This combination allows for immediate playback without using vast amounts of RAM.

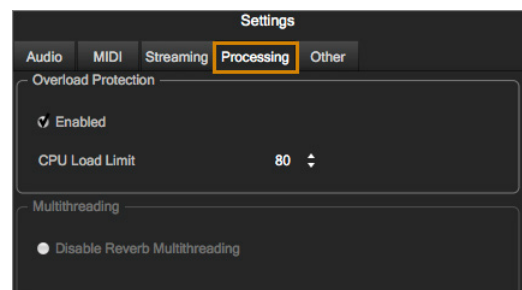
- **Free System Memory:** reports the amount of memory (RAM) the computer has available after the operating system and programs have taken their cut.
- **Engine Memory:** reports the amount of memory (RAM) being used by Play to pre-buffer samples. This value is affected by the Maximum Voices selection.
- **Maximum Voices:** the number of maximum voices that can be played back simultaneously within a project (all Play instances).
- **Reset Engine:** can be used to kill all notes being played and to return the audio engine to its initial state. Use this button when experiencing a so-called “stuck note”, which is a note that continues to play beyond its indicated length.
- **Samples Loaded:** reports the number of samples currently pre-buffered in memory (RAM). Use this value to determine whether enough RAM is allocated for playback. If this number is too large, use the Purge feature described in the Main Menu section.
- **Active Streaming Voices:** reports the total number of voices being played back in all instances of Play. This is different than the Voices value reported in the Player view, which only applies to that particular instance of Play.
- **Sample Cache** is the most important feature in this menu. As a general rule, find the lowest setting that also results in smooth playback. If dropped voices or CPU spikes occur, simply raise the ‘Cache Level’.



See [How To Optimize Playback and Performance](#) to learn more.

## Processing Settings

The Processing tab allows you to specify how much of your computer’s processing power is available to Play. Check the ‘Enabled’ box to turn Overload Protection on and use the spin control to specify the percentage of the computer’s processor that Play will use.

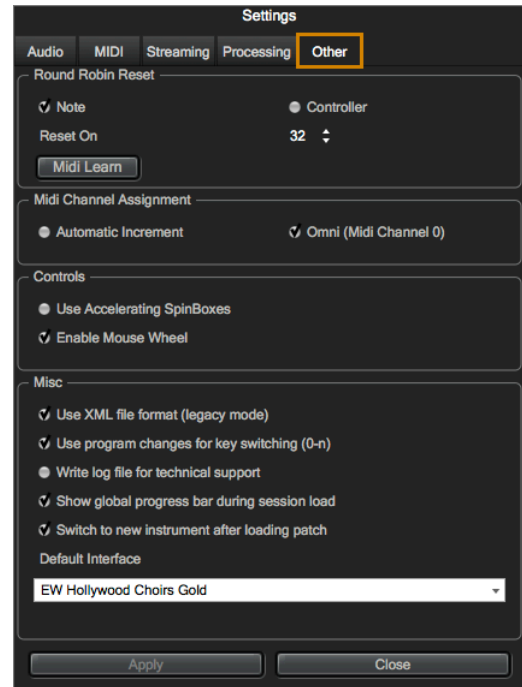


## Other Settings

The Other tab contains a variety of options and settings for Play.

- **Round Robin Reset:** this technique cycles through two or more samples of the same note, each with inherent variation. It provides a realistic performance, avoiding what's called the "machine gun effect". To ensure this cycle repeats in the same order each time, use a Round Robin Reset to reset the cycle back to the beginning, allowing for consistent playback each time

Select either a MIDI note or a MIDI Continuous Controller (CC) as the source, then specify which MIDI note (Middle C=Note 60) or MIDI CC will trigger the reset by inputting a numeric value in the spin box.



- **MIDI Channel Assignment:** these options determine the MIDI channel assignment when loading a new instrument in Play:
  - Automatic Increment: assigns each new instrument to the next available MIDI channel (1, 2, 3, etc) in the order they are loaded.
  - Omni: assigns each new instrument to MIDI channel 0, which receives MIDI on all channels (1–16).
- **Controls:** provides options to modify the behavior of controls.
  - Accelerating Spin Boxes: allows you to change values faster the longer you hold down the mouse on an up or down arrow.
  - Enable Mouse Wheel: to make value changes in Spin Boxes with the scroll wheel of your mouse.
- **Miscellaneous:** contains a variety of options.
  - Use XML File Format: this enables you to work with projects using older versions of Play.
  - Use program changes for key-switching: this allows Play to accept MIDI Program Change messages to change keyswitches. Program 0 is the first keyswitch, Program 1 is the second keyswitch, etc.
  - Write log file for technical support: this option will create a log file to help technical support address technical issues. The log file is written to the following locations:

(Mac) Mac HD / Library / Application Support / East West / Log

(Win) C:// Program Data / East West / Log



Show global progress bar during session load: this option allows you to enable or disable the global progress bar that appears when loading a project. This allows users to work on other tasks while projects are loading, without the progress bar in the foreground.

Show product interface after loading a patch: this option will change the Play interface based on the instrument you just loaded. If left unchecked, Play will continue to use the existing interface until a new instrument is explicitly selected.

Default Interface: this option displays a list of all the currently installed Play Libraries. Select the Play Library whose custom interface you want to display when opening Play. Once you open any specific instrument, the custom interface will appear regardless of the default interface.

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