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Quick Reference Guides

Click on the category header below to open the specified Quick Reference Guide.

Composer Cloud

This guide contains the following information:

- a comparison of the currently offered ComposerCloud plans
- a chart detailing the space requirements for libraries within those plans
- how to download, install and activate your ComposerCloud subscription

ComposerCloud FAQ: for the latest information and FAQ's regarding ComposerCloud, please see the following link: <u>http://www.soundsonline.com/composercloud</u>

Installation Center

This guide covers how to:

- · download and install the latest software updates
- download and install Play Libraries and instrument updates
- activate new product licenses
- manage your product catalog and more!

<u>Installation Center Installer</u>: to download the latest version of the Installation Center, please see the following link: <u>http://www.soundsonline.com/Support?section=updates</u>

The Play 6 System

This guide covers how to:

- navigate around the Play 6 user interface
- achieve realistic performances using MIDI CCs
- optimize the streaming engine for best performance

Play Libraries

This guide contains the following information:

- the amount of space required for each Play Library
- a comparison of Play Library editions -- Silver, Gold, Platinum, Diamond
- the Play Libraries included in different ComposerCloud subscriptions

WordBuilder

This guide contains the following information:

- an overview of new features included in WordBuilder
- how to setup WordBuilder in stand-alone and as a plug-in
- quick "how to" instructions for using various WordBuilder features
- a glossary of the Votox phonetic symbols that unlocks the power of WordBuilder

Welcome to Play 6

Play 6 is an advanced sample engine that works with an associated collection of virtual instruments, called Play Libraries.

An Advanced Sample Engine

Play is designed around 3 main views: the <u>Player</u> view displays a custom user interface and set of controls tailored to each Play Library, the <u>Browser</u> view enables instrument search via a traditional Libraries Browser, or a Database Browser, and the <u>Mixer</u> view features a channel strip with an FX Rack for each loaded instrument, and a sub-mixer for instruments with multiple microphone positions.



New Features

- Instrument Database to search by key word or category attribute selection
- Enhanced UI with Navigation Bar for Main Menu, Settings, View Selector buttons
- Collapsable Instrument Sidebar with access to advanced instrument properties
- Integration for Native Instruments Komplete Kontrol and Maschine software
- New and improved convolution engine for better performance with reverb and amp fx
- New and improved WordBuilder

An Award-Winning Virtual Instrument Collection

Play Libraries are the winner of over 70 industry awards, making EastWest's vast virtual instrument collection the industry leader of highly detailed sampled instruments. Each



Play Library has a custom user interface with a set of controls designed to accomodate the unique needs of that library. Altogether, they make up a expansive library of sampled instruments that range from orchestral to rock to ethnic to electronic and beyond.

How To Navigate the User Interface

The Navigation Bar located at the top of the user interface makes it easy to get around to the different areas of Play 6. The different areas include (from left to right) the Main Menu and Settings Menu, the Browser, Mixer and Player views, an Instrument Selector that displays the currently selected instrument, and an Instruments Sidebar panel where advanced instrument properties can be changed.



The Player View

When an instrument is loaded into Play, the Player view will display the custom user interface of the Play Library associated with that instrument. The instrument name will appear in the main field of the Instrument Selector (highlighted in green).



1st Violins Leg Slur LT 3 Ni (1)	Instruments 🕨
 ✓ 1st Violins Leg Slur L 44in Hira Daiko (2) 	T 3 Ni (1)

When multiple instruments are loaded, clicking in the Instrument Selector will reveal a dropdown menu showing all loaded instruments and their MIDI channel assignments.

Click on an instrument to make it the current selection, and notice the Player view will change to the appropriate user interface based on that instrument.

When first launching Play, the Player view will

display a Default Interface. This can be changed in the Settings Menu under the Other tab in the Misc section. Click in the drop-down menu and select a Play Library from the list. Next, click 'Apply', then guit and relaunch Play for the changes to take affect.



The Virtual Keyboard

The virtual keyboard in Play is color coded to identify how the samples of an instrument are mapped. White keys are the sampled range of an instrument, Tan keys indicate no samples are loaded, and Blue keys are key-switches that trigger different articulations within an instrument (abbreviated "KS" in the instrument name).



The Browser View

The Browser view has 2 modes: a traditional <u>Libraries</u> browser, familiar to existing Play users, and a new <u>Database</u> browser.

The Libraries Browser

The Libraries browser allows you to search for instruments within each Play Library.



The left column displays all installed Play Libraries, the two middle columns display the sub-folders within the main library folder, and the right column displays instruments within the selected folder.

EW Hollywood Brass Diamond	2 French Horns 💼 01 Long		6FH Marc Long DbiTng RRx4 MOD		
EW Hollywood Choirs Diamond	2 Trombones and 1 Bass Trombone	02 Short	6FH Marc Long DblTng RRx4		
EW Hollywood Strings Diamond	2 Trumpets	03 Effects	6FH Marc Shrt DblTng RRx4 MOD		
	i 3 Trumpets	iii 05 Legato	6FH Marc Shrt DblTng RRx4		
	6 French Horns	D6 Mutes	6FH Rep Fst 170		
	Low Brass 07 Keyswitch		6FH Rep Med 145		
	E Solo Cimbasso		6FH Rep Slw 120		
	Solo French Horn		6FH Sforzando		
	💼 Solo Trombone		6FH Shorts MOD SPEED		
	E Solo Trumpet		6FH Stac DblTng RRx8 MOD		
	Solo Tuba		6FH Stac DblTng RRx8		

TROUBLESHOOTING! How to Add or Reset a Play Library in the Browser view

If a Play Library does not appear in the Browser view where all Play Libraries populate, right-click in an empty space in the left column of the Libraries browser and choose 'Add Another Product Library' from the pop-up window. Selecting a Play Library from the menu will bring up a search window. Locate the Instruments folder for that Play Library, then highlight it and click 'okay' to set the library path.



If a Play Library has been moved from it's a original location, it will appear grayed out in the Libraries browser. Click on the library name in the left column and use the search window to find the Instruments folder of that Play Library. Highlight it and click 'okay' to set the library path.

Selecting a MIDI Channel Assignment Mode

Instruments are automatically assigned to MIDI channels in one of two ways: <u>Omni</u> mode assigns an instrument to receive MIDI on all channels, while <u>Automatic Increment</u> assigns each new instrument to the subsequent MIDI channel (1, 2, 3, etc). This option is

found in the Settings Menu under the Other tab in the MIDI Channel Assignment section.

_ Midi Channel Assignment ———	
Automatic Increment	Omni (Midi Channel 0)

How To Load Instrument(s)

To load an instrument, select the instrument name in the right column, then click either the 'Add' button or the 'Replace' button. The 'Add' button, or double-clicking while hold-

ing [shift + control], will add the instrument to the existing loaded instruments. The 'Replace' button, or simply double-clicking, will replace the currently selected instrument with the new one.

If more than 1 instrument is loaded when you click the 'Replace' button, a prompt will give you the option to re-



place the current selected instrument, or replace all loaded instruments.

How To Load and Switch Between Multiple Instruments

The Instrument Selector field displays the current instrument selection (highlighted in green), which when clicked on will reveal a drop-down menu showing all loaded instru-



ments and their MIDI channel assignments. A check-mark indicates the current selection. Clicking on an instrument will make it the current selection, and the Player view will change accordingly.

How to Create a User Favorites Location

To create a new location to store all your favorite instruments, right-click in the left column of the Libraries browser and select 'Add New Favorites Folder' from the menu.

Enter a name for the folder ("User Favorites" in the example) and click 'okay' to create it.

To add an instrument to this location, right-click on an instrument name in the right column and choose the option 'Add to [folder name]'.



9)	EW Hollywood Harp EW Hollywood String User Favorites	
	2TP	Marc Long RRx4 MOD
	<u>Этр</u>	Marc Long RRx4
A	dd to User Favorites	arc Short DblTng RRx
	270	Mara Short DhiTea DDu

The Database Browser

The <u>Database</u> browser allows you to search for instruments by selecting attribute tags from a a variety of categories, as well as query search words directly in the <u>Search Field</u>.



By default, the left column contains the main <u>Category</u>, and the 3 middle columns contain <u>Type</u>, <u>Style</u> and <u>Timbre</u>.

Category	▼ Туре	✓ Style	 Timbre 	 93 Instruments 	
Any	Any	Any	Any	Erhu 3 Fngr Fst	*
Bass	Baritone Violin			Erhu 3 Fngr Slw	
Brass	Dilruba		Bright	Erhu Bnd HT Fst	
Drums	Dulcimer	Chinese		Erhu Bnd HT Slw	
Ethnic Strings	Electric Cello			Erhu Cres	
Ethnic Winds	Er Hu	Electric		Erhu Detache LIVE 1	
Guitar	Esraj	Ethnic		Erhu Detache NV RR	
Keyboards	Fiddle			Erhu Detache Vib	
Loops	Full Strings			Erhu Exp 1	
Orch Strings	Gadulka	Far East		Erhu Exp 2	*
Orch Woodwinds	Guzheng			Erhu Exp 3	
Percussion	Hurdy Gurdy			Erhu Exp 4	
Sound Design	Jin Hu			Erhu Exp 5	
Synthesizers	Kemenche			Erhu Exp Lyrical	
Vocals	Kora			Erhu Exp Slw	
	Koto			Erhu Exp Vib Fst	
	Ngoni	w/ FX		Erhu Exp Vib Sft	

The right column contains a <u>Results List</u> that populates with instruments that match the selected criteria. At the top of that column is an <u>Instrument Count</u> that provides the number of resulting instruments.

At the bottom of the column are a set of <u>Filters</u> that allow you to further narrow the current selection of instruments to only show those tagged as Favorites, or Installed and/or Licensed to your computer.



To tag an instrument as a <u>Favorite</u>, click on the star icon to the right of the instrument name in the results list. The star icon will light up to indicate it has been tagged.

The <u>Instrument Panel</u> is located in the lower center area, and contains information for the instrument selected in the results list. This information includes the instrument name, the Play Library or Collection it's from, a blurb about the library, a description of the instrument and comments box for user notes.

Solo Violin Leg Exp Vib 🔶 🔶	Legato, Expressive, Vibrato
Designed to blend seamlessly with the award-winning Hollywood Orchestral Series, the Hollywood Solo Instruments Series was also recorded in EastWest Studio 1 by Shawn Murphy and produced by Doug Rogers and Nick Phoenix.	

Timbre Category Type Articulation Size Style

To access additional attribute categories including <u>Articulation</u>, <u>Library</u> and <u>Size</u>, click on a category name to reveal a drop-down menu, then click on the desired attribute category. A checkmark indicates the current selection.

The Database Hierarchy

The <u>Category</u> column has the highest level of hierarchy in the database. It contains broad attribute tags such as instrument groups like 'Ethnic Strings' and special categories like 'Loops & Kits'. Selecting a tag in this column will affect all other columns, narrowing down the visible results in each.

The <u>Type</u> column has the second highest level of hierarchy in the database. It contains attribute tags that are a subset of <u>Category</u>, including instrument types like 'Dulcimer' and special category types like 'Drum Loops'. Selecting a tag in this column will affect

all other columns (except <u>Category</u>) by graying out the visible results in each. This behavior allows you to always see the narrowed results in all other columns based on the main <u>Category</u> selection, even as you further define the search in the <u>Type</u> category.

Category -	Туре 🔻	Style
Any	Any	Any
Bass	Bass Drum	Acoustic
Drums	Big Drums	
Ethnic Strings	Drum Ensemble	Ambient
Ethnic Winds	Drum Kits	American
Guitar	Drum Loops	Breakbeat
Keyboards	Field Drum	Chinese
Loops and Kits	Performance	Dance
Orchestral Brass	Small Drums	Downtempo
Orchestral Strings	Snare Drum	Electronic
Orchestral Woodwinds	Timpani	Ethnic
Percussion	Toms	European
Synth and FX	ZenDrum	Experimental
Vocals		Far East

The remaining categories represent

the third tier of hierarchy in the database. <u>Style</u> tags pertain to musical style (genre) and production style (w/ FX), <u>Timbre</u> tags describe the quality or tone of a sound, <u>Articulation</u> tags define the performance technique(s) used, and <u>Size</u> tags are related to the loading size of an instrument: small, medium, large and x-large. <u>Libraries</u> tags can be used in conjunction with other search categories to find "all the basses in Fab Four", for example. This differs from the search function of the Libraries area, where instruments are located by searching the folders of of Play Libraries.

Tag Selection Rules

The Category and Type categories enable one tag to be selected at a given time, while all other categories enable multiple tag selections by holding down 'command' (Mac) or 'alt' (Win) keys while selecting tags.

When selecting multiple tags in the Style, Timbre, Articulation, Library and Size categories, please note that only instruments containing all selected attributes will appear in the results list, not just one or the other. This allows you to find, for example, drums that are both fat and punchy.

How To Reset Tag Selections

Clicking the 'Any' tag at the top of the Category column will reset existing tag selections across all categories.

Clicking the 'Any' tag at the top of every other category will reset only the tag selections in that given category.

The Instruments Sidebar

Click the Instruments button on the right side of the Navigation Bar to open a sidebar panel that displays all loaded instruments and their MIDI channel, audio output and volume controls.

Browser Mixer Player [*] MEN Util P1 (1)

Advanced Instrument Properties

The settings of the currently selected instrument appear in the Advanced Instrument Properties window located at the bottom of the Instruments sidebar panel. Click on any instrument to select it, and change the settings as desired. Below are brief descriptions of those settings.

- <u>Transpose</u> raises or lowers the incoming MIDI note by increments of +/- 1 semitone.
- <u>Tune</u> changes the pitch of the audio signal during playback. Note that sound quality decreases as the tuning interval grows larger.
- <u>Micro Tuning</u> is available for select Play Libraries only. By default, the 12 notes within an octave are tuned to the traditional Western scale. The other micro tuning scales adjust the tuning of the 11 non-root notes to produce the characteristic sound of the given scale.



- <u>Root</u> allows the selection of the lowest note in the scale, or the "root note". The intervals of all other notes in a given scale are relative to the root.
- <u>Key Range</u> specifies the range of notes to which the instrument will respond, effectively muting notes you don't want to hear, or giving you the ability to split the keyboard between multiple instruments on a single MIDI channel.
- <u>Velocity Range</u> specifies the minumum velocity and maximum velocity range for a given instrument. Values below the minimum or above the maximum velocity are respectively remapped to the lowest and highest values.
- <u>Sensitivity</u> determines what part of the dynamic range the instrument is most sensitive to, ranging in values between -100 (left) and +100 (right). The Sensitivity Curve Graph included in the Player view of some Play Libraries will reflect changes made here.



- <u>Keyswitch</u> sets the selected instrument's default keyswitch note, which specifies the articulation in the keyswitch file that plays when no keyswitch note has been played in its MIDI channel in the current session. Please note, the instrument must be saved to the file system with an [.ewi] extension and reopened from that [.ewi] file for the new default value to take effect.
- <u>Pitch Bend</u> specifies the range of the Pitch Bend Wheel in semitones. The value can be set between -12 semitones and +12 semitones. Negative values reverse the direction of the Pitch Bend Wheel, so pushing it up lowers the pitch.
- <u>Voice Limit</u> specifies the maximum number of voices that an instrument can playback, up to a limit of 999. If an instrument receives more voices than the voice limit value, it will cut off voices that began playing playing first.

The Mixer View

The Mixer view displays a channel strip for each loaded instrument with controls for volume, panning, mute and solo, as well as buttons to access an FX Rack and to open Sub-Mixer channels for instruments with multiple microphone positions.



The FX Rack

The FX Rack contains EastWest's Amp Simulator and Convolution Reverb, Ohm Force's Ohmicide distortion plugin, and SSL's suite of audio processing tools that includes a Filter, EQ, Compressor, Gate/Expander, Transient Shaper and Stereo Buss Compressor.



The Sub-Mixer Channels

For Instruments that contain multiple microphone positions, a Sub-Mixer button will appear to the right of the mute, solo and FX buttons. Single microphone instrument do not



display this button.

Click on this Sub-Mixer button to reveal the channel strips for each available microphone position. Click on the microphone name to load and unload an instrument. Loaded instruments are illuminated in white, while unloaded instruments are gray.

Optimizing Playback and Performance

To access the Main Menu, click on the button with three horizontal bars in the left corner of the Navigation Bar of the Play user interface.

Adjusting the Streaming Cache

The Sample Cache settings are found in the 'Streaming' tab of the Settings Menu. Adjusting this setting is very important to enabling Play 6 to stream optimally!

IMPORTANT! As a general rule, find the lowest setting that also results in smooth playback. If dropped voices or CPU spikes occur, simply raise the 'Cache Level'.

The lowest recommended 'Cache Level' setting depends on:

- the speed of the computer's processor (CPU)
- the amount of installed memory (RAM)
- the drive type and connection
- the demands of a project

Adjusting the 'Cache Level' affects the following:

- the loading time of your project
- the amount of memory usage
- the playback performance

Outlined below are recommended 'Cache Level' settings based on your computer specifications, but please be aware that the demands of a given project are also a factor in determining the best 'Cache Level' setting.

For example, with the same computer specifications, a large Hollywood Orchestra template will require a higher setting than a project with a few small instruments from Fab Four. That's because raising the 'Cache Level' results in more of each sample being

loaded into memory (RAM), reducing the reliance on disk streaming, which allows larger and/or more instruments to playback smoothly at a given time.

In the 'Settings' menu under the 'Streaming' tab is a list of available drives that appear under 'Disk Volume' with their respective 'Cache Level' settings to the right. Use the up and down arrows to adjust this level for each drive.

Sample Cache
Disk Volume Cache Level*
EW Play Libraries 3 🗘 🔶
*The lower the level, the more is streamed from disk. The higher the level, the more is loaded into RAM.
Apply Close

- A 'Cache Level' between 0 1 results in the fastest load times and smallest memory (RAM) usage, but requires a fast, multi-core processor (CPU) and Solid State Drives (SSD) with a fast connection type to achieve smooth playback.
- A 'Cache Level' between 2 3 results in less demands on the processor (CPU) but requires more memory (RAM) usage. These settings are best for a computer with an average CPU, but still plenty or RAM and SSDs with a fast connection type.
- A 'Cache Level' between 4 5 results in the most memory (RAM) usage, but makes less demands on the processor (CPU) and hard drive. These settings are recommended for computers with an aging CPU and traditional 3.5" HDDs.



How to Achieve Realistic Results

In order to achieve more realistic results with Play Libraries, MIDI Continuous Controllers (CC's) must be used to shape loudness, dynamics and/or vibrato. Only the essentials are covered below, so please see the Play System Manual and library-specific manuals for greater detail on the subject.

IMPORTANT! Initialize the Mod Wheel (CC1) and Expression (CC11) values after loading an instrument to ensure they sound as the producers intended. The easiest way to do this is to assign the MIDI Continuous Controllers (CCs) to the assignable knobs or sliders of your MIDI controller, then jog them after loading an instrument. You can also input a starting value into the MIDI Continuous Controller (CC) lanes inside your preferred DAW.

MIDI Continuous Controllers (CC's)

Below are the most commonly used MIDI Continuous Controllers (CCs).

- **The Mod Wheel (CC1)** is programmed differently depending on the instrument, but generally is used to shape loudness, dynamics, and/or vibrato.
- **Volume (CC7)** is used to set the overall instrument volume. It is recommended that you set the relative balance among all the instruments in your project by inputting a starting value at the beginning of your project.
- **Panning (CC10)** adjusts the relative loudness between the stereo channels to offset the instrument right or left of center. Please note that some libraries are recorded in the positions instruments normally sit in a concert hall.
- **Expression (CC11)** is used to change an instrument's loudness within a line of music, like a crescendo or decrescendo, relative to overall volume loudness (CC7).
- **MIDI Velocity** is most commonly used to affect loudness and/or dynamics in instruments, so they respond to how hard or soft you play. Instruments with multiple dynamics layers have an additional level of realism because a change in timbre occurs when the instrument gets louder. Other times MIDI Velocity is used to trigger different articulations within the velocity range, like in the Hollywood Harp Maestro instruments.

Using the Round Robin Reset

This control is found in the 'Other' tab of the Settings menu. It allows you to specify either a MIDI note or MIDI continuous controller (CC) to reset the round-robin cycle. The numeric value in the spin box specifies which note number (middle C = 60) or which continuous controller (CC) will be interpreted as a reset. Once set, all the round robin instruments in any given MIDI channel will be reset when that note or CC value is received.

Additional Resources

This Quick Start Guide is only intended to get you going quickly. Please see the Play System Manual and the individual Play Library Manuals for more detail on specific technical information. And please stop by the Soundsonline Forum to get help, advice or otherwise chat with fellow music makers!

EastWest Support Center

Visit the EastWest online Support Center to:

- submit a support ticket
- troubleshoot by reading FAQs on a variety of support topics
- find quick start guides, user manuals, video tutorials, and more!

EastWest Soundsonline Forums

Visit the EastWest Soundsonline Forums to:

- read comments and questions from other users of EastWest products
- find helpful information on both technical and musical aspects of the software
- receive support by posting to the Support section of the forum

EastWest User Manuals

Please visit the <u>EastWest Manuals</u> section of the Support Center to find the latest documentation. In addition, they are also installed into following directories:

(Win): C: // Program Files / EastWest / Documentation (Mac): Mac HD / Applications / EastWest / Documentation

- <u>Play 6 User Manual</u> describes the Play System as a whole. It addresses how to install and use all aspects of the software that are common to all Play Libraries.
- <u>Play Library Manuals</u> describe aspects that differ from one Play Library to the next, such as the included instruments, or the user interface. These manuals are installed into the main library folder of each Play Library.
- <u>Master Navigation Document (MND)</u> is a one-page PDF that allows easy navigation between the PLAY System Manual and the Play Library Manuals using links. Links to the Master Navigation Document (MND) can be found at the bottom of each chapter in both the Play User Manual and Play Library Manuals.

System Requirements

Play 6 runs on Windows and MacOS systems that meet at least the minimum specification, however the recommended specification will result in better performance.

Minimum Spec:

- Intel dual-core i5 (or equivalent) processor, running at 2.7 GHz (or above)
- 8 GB of RAM or more
- Mac OSX 10.7 (or later); Windows 7 (or later) with ASIO sound drivers
- 7200 RPM or faster (non energy saving) hard drive for sample streaming

Recommended Spec:

- Intel Xeon E5 (or equivalent) running at a minimum of 2.7 GHz (or above)
- 16 GB of RAM or more
- Mac OSX 10.7 (or later); Windows 7 (or later) with ASIO sound drivers
- a 64-bit operating system; and a 64-bit host when running Play as a plug-in.
- SSD (Solid State Drive) for sample streaming

PLEASE NOTE! The 32-bit stand-alone and plug-in components are no longer installed because Play 5 and above does not support 32-bit operating systems or DAWs

SEQUENCER COMPATIBILITY CHART						
Tested Sequencer	MacOS	Win XP	Win XP	Win 7, 8 and 10	Win 7, 8 and 10	Required
(DAW)	(10.9 - 10.12.3)	(32-bit)	(64-bit)	and Vista (32-bit)	and Vista (64-bit)	Version
Stand-Alone	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	
Ableton Live	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	$\sqrt{1}$	6.07 or higher
Cubase / Nuendo	$\sqrt{2}$	$\sqrt{3}$		\checkmark	$\sqrt{3}$	6 or higher
FL Studio				\checkmark	\checkmark	7 or higher
GarageBand	\checkmark					3 or higher
Logic	$\sqrt{4}$					7.2 or higher
Digital Performer	$\sqrt{4}$			\checkmark	\checkmark	6.02 or higher
Pro Tools ⁵	\checkmark			\checkmark		7.4 to 10
Pro Tools (11 or higher) 5	\checkmark				√ 6	11 or higher ⁸
Sibelius	$\sqrt{7}$			\checkmark		6 or higher
Sonar				\checkmark	\checkmark	6.2 or higher
Vienna Ensemble Pro	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	4.0.54 or higher
Studio One	\checkmark			\checkmark	\checkmark	2 or higher
Reaper			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	3 or higher

1: Play 5 (and above) is compatible with all 64-bit hosts that use VST, AU, or AAX plugins. Use Play 4 for 32-bit hosts.

- 2: Mac OS 10.7 or newer is required.
- 3: Cubase/Nuendo 4.1 or later are required as 64-bit hosts.

4: WordBuilder is not supported in Logic 7 or lower, and DAE (RTAS in Digital Performer and Logic) is not supported at this time.

- 5: Ethernet control surfaces are not officially supported (ex: C24).
- 6: Windows 7 or 8 Home Premium Supported. Pro Tools HD 11 does not support Windows 8.
- 7: Sibelius 6.0.3 or higher is required to run in Mac OS 7.

8: Sibelius 6.2 is required to run in Mac OS 10.9 (Mavericks)